

Course title: Diversity and Social Justice in Social Work

Course #/term: 504-006 & 504-009, Fall 2019

Time and place: Tuesdays

504-006: 9am-12pm, SSWB B760 504-009: 2pm-5pm, SSWB B798

Credit hours: 3
Prerequisites: None

Instructor: Ashley Lacombe-Duncan

Pronouns: She/Her/Hers

Contact info: Email: lacombed@umich.edu

Office: SSWB 3726

Office hours: Mondays 12-1 pm and by other times by appointment; may occur in-

person, by phone, or over BlueJeans

In the spirit of healing and health, I acknowledge and honor that the University of Michigan resides on the traditional Territories of the Three Fires People - the Ojibwe, Odawa and Bodewadmi, and that the Great Lakes region remains home to multiple tribal nations.

1. Course Statement

a. Course Description

This required foundation course is designed to increase students' awareness, knowledge, and critical skills related to diversity, human rights, social and economic justice. The topics of this course include developing a framework for 1) engaging diversity and differences in social work practice and 2) advancing human rights and social and economic justice. We will explore the knowledge base that underlies skills needed to work towards justice. These include types and sources of power, multiple social locations, social constructions, social processes, social identities, conflicts, and how all these interact. A major emphasis is on developing skills in critical contextual thinking and analyses, and in praxis, learning to use knowledge and theory to recognize and critique underlying assumptions and paradigms, and inform working for change. Multiple kinds of boundaries are especially important—across groups, between organizations and system levels, and within and between people, related to intersecting social locations.

b. Course Content

Students will actively explore how societal power and diversity characterize and shape the human experience, and are critical to the formation of social structures, cultural understandings,

group and organizational processes, and identities. The dimensions of diversity are understood as the intersectionality of multiple factors including age, class, color, culture, disability, ethnicity, gender, gender identity and expression, immigration status, political ideology, race, religion, sex, and sexual orientation. In this course, students will learn how current experiences of privilege and oppression are shaped by historical forces, societal structures, social constructions, group and interpersonal processes, and human understandings, including an understanding of the institutional, organizational, policy, and socio-cultural arrangements that contribute to them. Additionally, this foundation course will explore formulations of human rights, including positive rights, and negative conditions that need to be eradicated. This course also studies how social justice and injustice occur in organizations, institutions, and society, relevant theories that can inform work for justice (e.g., critical race theory, and components of many theories), and how mechanisms of oppression and privilege work (e.g., marginalization, exploitation, violence, cultural hegemony, and powerlessness).

c. Course Competencies and Objectives

Competency 4: Engage diversity and difference in practice. Practice Behaviors:

- 4.1 Recognize the extent to which a culture's structures and values may oppress, marginalize, alienate, or create or enhance privilege and power.
- 4.2 Gain sufficient self-awareness to eliminate the influence of personal biases and values in working with diverse groups.
- 4.3 Recognize and communicate their understanding of the importance of difference in shaping life experiences.
- 4.4 View themselves as learners and engage those with whom they work as informants.

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be better able to: 1. Describe community and organizational work for social change. 2. Demonstrate knowledge and skills for working for justice, enacting critical consciousness, and engaging and addressing issues of power and diversity. (4.2, 4.3, 4.6, 4.7) 3. Describe the dynamics of difference and dominance/oppression are and how they impact human functioning and social relations within and across diverse groups. (4.1, 4.5) 4. Describe how structural differences in society are shaped by historical, psychological, social, and political factors. (4.1, 4.5) 5. Demonstrate knowledge of social locations, constructions, processes, and identities and the diversity within these. This includes increased knowledge about the forces that shape complex selves, relationships, and worldviews. (4.2, 4.3) 6. Demonstrate skills in critical contextual thinking, applying multiple theories and frameworks to illuminate underlying assumptions, biases and possible opportunities, and engaging in praxis. 7. Demonstrate awareness of the sources of power, how to mobilize power towards positive change, and ways to challenge oppressive assumptions, biases, and prejudices (4.2, 4.3) 8. Describe methods for continuing a lifelong process of recognizing our biases, learning how to change oppressive behaviors and structures, and building a more socially just multicultural society. (4.2, 4.4, 4.6, 4.7)

d. Course Design

This class will strive to foster a learning environment where each student can reflect critically on sources of power and mechanisms of oppression and privilege, construct a framework for justice, and examine sources of their beliefs and perspectives. This course will work to create a climate that supports critical analyses, mutual learning, engaging within and across differences and examining sources of power and knowledge. It involves lectures, video, and participation in experiential activities. Additionally, this course will provide a forum to critically examine how our multiple status locations, societal constructions, and social processes shape our beliefs, assumptions, behaviors, and life experiences. Special attention will also be given knowledge about justice and change, and principles of change towards justice.

e. Curricular Themes

Theme Relation to Multiculturalism & Diversity is addressed from the perspective of critically considering how diverse dimensions (such as ability; age; class; color; culture; ethnicity; family structure; gender - including gender identity and gender expression; marital status; national origin; race; religion, spirituality or worldview; sex; and sexual orientation) are socially constructed, embedded in societal structures across system levels, and maintained through social processes and intra and interpersonal relationships and schemas.

Theme Relation to Social Justice is addressed from the perspective of critically analyzing theories and conceptualizations of justice, current trends and ethical issues and their implications for promoting social justice and social change, by considering the influence of normative rules and conditions. Additional focus will be directed towards how structural and institutional conditions affect the opportunities and well-being of different populations (advantaged and disadvantaged groups) in society.

Theme Relation to Promotion, Prevention, Treatment & Rehabilitation is addressed from the perspective of critically considering how varied ideological, theoretical and empirical perspectives influence the definition of social problems and, subsequently, the ways in which institutional policies and practices address access, promotion, prevention, treatment, and rehabilitation.

Theme Relation to Behavioral and Social Science Research will be reflected in the theory, social science literature and research covered characterizing and analyzing macro-level structures, processes and their bearing and implications for the well-being of different vulnerable and disadvantaged groups and populations in society, as well as how marginalized groups exert agency and influence society.

f. Relationship to Social Work Ethics and Values

The NASW Code of Ethics will be used to give students direction about ethical issues as they relate to the experience of marginalized groups. The course will focus on social workers'

responsibility as professionals to promote general welfare by working toward the elimination of discrimination, expanding choices for all persons, encouraging respect for diversity, advocating for progressive changes in social policies, and encouraging informed participation by the public.

g. Intensive Focus on PODS

This course integrates PODS content and skills with a special emphasis on the identification of practice, theories and/or policies that promote social justice, illuminate injustices and are consistent with scientific and professional knowledge. Through the use of a variety of instructional methods, this course will support students developing a vision of social justice, learn to recognize and reduce mechanisms that support oppression and injustice, work toward social justice processes, apply intersectionality and intercultural frameworks and strengthen critical consciousness, self-knowledge and self-awareness to facilitate PODS learning.

2. Class Requirements

a. Text and class materials

There is no required textbook for this course. Readings, including book chapters and journal articles, as well as multimedia, including Podcasts, Ted Talks, Youtube videos, etc., are posted on Canvas under Modules \rightarrow Week # \rightarrow Readings/Multimedia. Additional readings/materials may be posted on Canvas over the course of the semester. Please let me know if any of the materials are inaccessible (e.g., articles are not compatible with a screen reader or videos do not include closed captions).

b. Class schedule

PLEASE NOTE: This syllabus is a working document. Changes to the schedule and any additional/changes to the readings will be announced via Canvas. Be sure that you have canvas announcements enabled (in Canvas under Account → Notifications → Announcement).

Week 1: 9/3/19 - Introductions & Orientation to SW 504

Readings: N/A

Week 2: 9/10/19 – Working Definitions, Concepts, and Frameworks

Readings: Morgaine, K. (2014). Conceptualizing social justice in social work: Are social

workers "too bogged down in the trees?". Journal of Social Justice, 4, 1-18.

Abrams, L. S., & Moio, J. A. (2009). Critical race theory and the cultural competence dilemma in social work education. *Journal of Social Work Education*, *45*(2), 245-261.

Young, I. M. (2000). Five faces of oppression. In M. Adams, W. J. Blumenfeld, R. Casteñeda, H. W. Hackman, M. L. Peters, and X. Zuniga (Eds.) *Readings* for diversity and social justice: An anthology on racism, sexism, anti-Semitism, heterosexism, classism and ableism (pp. 35-49). New York: Routledge.

Arao, B., & Clemens, K. (2013). From safe spaces to brave spaces: A new way to frame dialogue around diversity and social justice. In Landreman, L. (Ed.), *The art of effective facilitation: Reflections from social justice educators* (pp. 135-150). Sterling, VA: Stylus Publishing.

Miller, J., Donner, S., & Fraser, E. (2004). Talking when talking is tough: Taking on conversations about race, sexual orientation, gender, class and other aspects of social identity. *Smith College Studies in Social Work*, 74(2), 377-392.

Recommended

Loubriel, J. (2016). 4 ways white people can process their emotions without bringing the white tears. Retrieved from https://everydayfeminism.com/2016/02/white-people-emotions-tears/

Haimson, O. L. & Airton, L. (2019). Making space for them, her, him, and 'prefer not to disclose' in group settings: Why pronoun-sharing is important but must remain optional. Retreived from https://medium.com/national-center-for-institutional-diversity/making-space-for-them-her-him-and-prefer-not-to-disclose-in-group-settings-why-1deb8c3d6b86.

Suárez-Orozco, C., Casanova, S., Martin, M., Katsiaficas, D., Cuellar, V., Smith, N. A., & Dias, S. I. (2015). Toxic rain in class: Classroom interpersonal microaggressions. *Educational Researcher*, *44*(3), 151-160.

Marsiglia, F. F., & Kulis, S. (2016). Culture. In *Diversity, oppression & change: Culturally grounded social work* (2nd ed., pp. 3-31). New York, NY: Oxford University Press.

Week 3: 9/17/19 – Intersectionality & Troubling the Concept of Race

Readings: Crenshaw, K. (2015). Why intersectionality can't wait. Retrieved from: https://www.washingtonpost.com/news/in-theory/wp/2015/09/24/why-intersectionality-cant-wait/

Crenshaw, K. (1989). Demarginalization the intersection of race and sex: A Black feminist critique of antidiscrimination doctrine, feminist theory, and antiracist politics. *University of Chicago Legal Forum, 1*(8), 139-167.

Haney Lopez, I. F. (1999). The social construction of race. In R. Delgado (Ed.), *Critical race theory: The cutting edge* (191-203). Philadelphia, PA: Temple University Press.

Read two articles from this series:

https://www.nytimes.com/roomfordebate/2015/06/16/how-fluid-is-racial-identity

Read one of the following:

- Mason, P. L. & Matella, A. (2014). Stigmatization and racial selection after September 11, 2001: Self-identity among Arab and Islamic Americans. *IZA Journal of Migration*, 3(20), 1-21.
- Laura Quiros & Beverly Araujo Dawson (2013) The color paradigm: The impact of colorism on the racial identity and identification of Latinas. *Journal of Human Behavior in the Social* Environment, 23(3), 287-297.

Recommended

Mehrotra, G. (2010). Toward a continuum of intersectionality theorizing for feminist social work scholarship. *Affilia*, 25(4), 417-430.

Tillmon, J. (1972). Welfare is a women's issue. Originally published in Ms. Magazine.

Glover, C. (2017). Intersectionality ain't for white women. Retrieved from https://wearyourvoicemag.com/identities/feminism/intersectionality-aint-white-women

DUE: "Who Am I?" Paper

Week 4: 9/24/19 - Structural Racism/Inequality, Class, & Whiteness

Readings: Simms, M. & Kijakazi, K. (2017). Structural racism places the burden of proposed budget cuts on people of color. Retrieved from https://www.urban.org/urban-wire/structural-racism-places-burden-proposed-budget-cuts-people-color

[Video] How to be an antiracist: Ibram X. Kendi on why we need to fight racism the way we fight cancer. Retrieved from https://www.democracynow.org/2019/8/13/ibram_x_kendi_class_race_capitalism

Coates, T. (2014) The case for reparations. Retrieved from https://www.theatlantic.com/magazine/archive/2014/06/the-case-for-reparations/361631/

DiAngelo, R. (2011). White Fragility. *International Journal of Critical Pedagogy*, *3*(3). OR watch https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=45ey4jgoxeU

[Podcast] The Code Switch Episode 1: Can we talk about whiteness? https://www.npr.org/sections/codeswitch/2016/05/31/479733094/the-code-switch-podcast-episode-1-can-we-talk-about-whiteness

Kraus, M.W., Piff, P.K., & Keltner, D. (2011). Social class as culture: The convergence of resources and rank in the social realm. *Current Directions in Psychological Science*, *20*, 246-250).

Why It's Time To Retire The Disparaging Term 'White Trash'. NPR: https://www.npr.org/2018/07/30/633891473/why-its-time-to-retire-the-disparaging-term-white-trash

Recommended

Hanks, A., Solomon, D., & Weller, C. E. (2018). How America's structural racism helped create the black-white wealth gap. Retrieved from https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/race/reports/2018/02/21/447051/systematic-inequality/

Bailey, Z. D., Krieger, N., Agénor, M., Graves, J., Linos, N., & Bassett, M. T. (2017). Structural racism and health inequities in the USA: Evidence and interventions. *The Lancet*, *389*(10077), 1453-1463.

[Youtube Video] Joseph Stiglitz, *The Price of Inequality*: https://youtu.be/woerUgtufUo (see related article: https://www.vanityfair.com/news/2011/05/top-one-percent-201105)

hooks, b. (2000) White poverty: The politics of invisibility. In *Where we stand: Class matters* (pp. 111-120). New York, NY: Routledge.

Newitz, A., & Wray, M. (2004). What is 'White Trash'? Stereotypes and economic conditions of poor whites in the United States. In M. Hill (Ed.), *Whiteness: A critical reader* (pp. 168-184). New York: New York University Press.

Touré. (2015). White people explain why they feel oppressed. Vice: https://www.vice.com/en_us/article/qbxzpv/white-people-told-me-why-they-feel-they-oppressed-456

Week 5: 10/1/19 – Social Determinants of Health & Implications for Social Work Practice

Readings: Ng, J. H., Ward, L. M., Shea, M., Hart, L., Guerino, P., & Scholle, S. H. (2019). Explaining the relationship between minority group status and health disparities: A review of selected concepts. *Health Equity*, *3*(1), 47-60.

Hatzenbuehler, M. L., Phelan, J. C., & Link, B. G. (2013). Stigma as a fundamental cause of population health inequalities. *American Journal of Public Health*, 103(5), 813–821.

Fisher-Borne, M., Cain, J.M., & Martin, S.L. (2014). From mastery to accountability: Cultural humility as an alternative to cultural competence. *Social Work Education*, *34*(2), 165-181.

[Ted Talk] How studying privilege systems can strengthen compassions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=e-BY9UEewHw

D'Cruz, H., Gillingham, P., & Melendez, S. (2007). Reflexivity, its meanings and relevance for social work: A critical review of the literature. *British Journal of Social Work*, *37*, 73-90.

Recommended

Marsiglia, F. F., & Kulis, S. (2016). Cultural diversity, oppression, and action: A culturally-grounded paradigm. In Diversity, oppression & change: Culturally grounded social work (2nd ed., pp. 32-51). New York, NY: Oxford University Press.

Blackstock, C. (2009). The occasional evil of angels: Learning from the experiences of Aboriginal Peoples and social work. *Child & Family Review*, 4(1), 28-37.

Mattson, T. (2013). Intersectionality as a useful tool: Anti-oppressive social work and critical reflection. *Affilia*, 29(1): 8-17.

Lee, T. (2016). Processes of racialization in New York City's child welfare system. City & Society, 28(2), 276-297.

DUE: Journal Entry #1

Week 6: 10/8/19 – Accomplices and Allies, Cultural Appropriation, & Microaggressions

Guest: Dr. Bethany Hughes: https://lsa.umich.edu/ac/people/faculty/hughesbr.html

Readings: [Podcast] 8 White Identities and Allyship - We Live Here, The Woke Spectrum: http://www.welivehere.show/posts/2017/9/22/the-woke-spectrum

McKenzie, M. (2015). How to tell the difference between really allyship and "ally theater." Retrieved from http://www.blackgirldangerous.com/2015/11/ally-theater/

Choose one:

- [Youtube Video] 5 Tips for Being an Ally: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= dg86g-QIM0
- [Youtube Video] How to be a good ally Identity, privilege, resistance | Ahsante the Artist: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q7EIX4GFQpl

Fryberg, S. A., Markus, H. R., Oyserman, D., & Stone, J. M. (2008). Of warrior chiefs and indian princesses: The psychological consequences of American Indian mascots. *Basic and Applied Psychology*, *30*, 208-218.

Johnson, M. Z. (2015). What's wrong with cultural appropriation? These 9 answers reveal it's harm. Retrieved

from https://everydayfeminism.com/2015/06/cultural-appropriation-wrong/

Recommended:

[Blog] Native Appropriations: http://nativeappropriations.com/

[Zine] Accomplices not allies: Abolishing the ally industrial complex.

Cole, N. L. (2019). What is cultural hegemony? Retrieved from: https://www.thoughtco.com/cultural-hegemony-3026121

Boutte, G. S. & Jackson, T. O. (2014), Advice to white allies: Insights from faculty of color. Race, Ethnicity and Education 17(5), 623-642.

Jakubowski, K. (2015). Diversity is not a certificate: How to dismantle oppression at your workplace. Retrieved from https://everydayfeminism.com/2015/02/dismantling-oppression-at-work/

Week 7: 10/15/19 - Fall Study BREAK

Week 8: 10/22/19 - Settler Colonialism & Historical Trauma

Readings: Evans-Campbell, T. (2008). Historical trauma in American Indian/Native Alaska communities: A multilevel framework for exploring impacts on individuals, families, and communities. Journal of Interpersonal Violence, 23(3), 316-338.

> Tuck, E. & Yang, K. W. (2012). Decolonization is not a metaphor. Decolonization: Indigeneity, Education & Society 1(1), 1--40.

Risling Baldy, C. (2013): Why I teach the Walking Dead in my Native Studies classes. Retrieved from https://www.cutcharislingbaldy.com/blog/on-tellingnative-people-to-just-get-over-it-or-why-i-teach-about-the-walking-dead-in-mynative-studies-classes-spoiler-alert

Hixson, W. L. (2016). Adaptation, resistance and representation in the modern US settler state. In E. Cavanaugh & L. Veracini (Eds.), The Routledge handbook of the history of settler colonialism (169-184). Routledge Handbooks Online

Pick one from this list:

Columbus Day readings (Oct 14)

- https://www.npr.org/sections/codeswitch/2013/10/14/232120128/howcolumbus-sailed-into-u-s-history-thanks-to-italians
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=il5hwpdJMcg
- https://theoatmeal.com/comics/columbus_day

Recommended

[Podcast] Code Switch, "What We Inherit":

https://www.npr.org/templates/transcript/transcript.php?storyId=617300356

[Podcast] Code Switch, It's Not Just About the Blood:

https://www.npr.org/templates/transcript/transcript.php?storyId=583753149

[Podcast] All My Relations Episode 1:

https://www.allmyrelationspodcast.com/podcast/episode/32b0bd95/ep-1-allmy-relations-and-indigenous-feminism

Knock Off Native: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=i zFOsd pgA

Wolfe, P. (2006) Settler colonialism and the elimination of the native. Journal of Genocide Research, 8(4), 387-409.

Standing Rock Syllabus:

https://nycstandswithstandingrock.wordpress.com/standingrocksyllabus/

Week 9: 10/29/19

DUE: Group Presentations (Part 1)

Week 10: 11/5/19 – The Patriarchy *This week's content will be available ONLINE only. We will not have class in person this week*

Readings: Arvin, M., Tuck, E., Morrill, A. (2013). Decolonizing feminism: Challenging connections between settler colonialism and heteropatriarchy. Feminist Formations, 25(1), 8-34.

> McEwan, M. (2009). Rape culture 101. Retrieved from http://www.shakesville.com/2009/10/rape-culture-101.html

Wilkerson, A. (2019). "Her body her own worst enemy": The medicalization of violence against women. In W. Teays (Ed.), Analyzing violence against women (pp. 131-147). Springer.

Shackelford, A. (2019). Fat is not a bad word. Retrieved from https://www.teenvogue.com/story/fat-is-not-a-bad-word

Recommended

[Podcast] This American Life - Tell Me I'm Fat: https://www.thisamericanlife.org/589/tell-me-im-fat

[Youtube Video] The Dangerous Ways Ads See Women: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uy8yLaoWybk

Week 11: 11/12/19 - Heteronormativiy and Cisnormativity

Guest: Racquelle Trammell, Love Her Collective (Community-based Research

Initiative between the University of Michigan and Trans Sistas of Color

Project): https://www.facebook.com/TSCOPD/

Readings: Vaid, U. (2012). Irresistible Revolution: Confronting Race, Class and the

Assumptions of LGBT Politics. NY: Magnus Books. [Chapter 1].

Bauer, G. et al. (2009). "I don't think this is theoretical; This is our lives": How erasure impacts health care for transgender people. *Journal of the Association of Nurses in AIDS Care*, 20(5), 348-361.

Pasulka, N. (2015). The case of CeCe McDonald: Murder—or self-defense against a hate crime? Retrieved from:

https://www.motherjones.com/politics/2012/05/cece-mcdonald-transgender-hate-crime-murder/

Kacere, L. (2014). Transmisogyny 101: What it is and what can we do about it. Retrieved from: https://everydayfeminism.com/2014/01/transmisogyny/

Recommended

Hatzenbuehler, M. (2009). How does sexual minority stigma "get under the skin"? A psychological mediation framework. *Psychological Bulletin*, *135*(5), 707-730.

Sterzing, P.R., Gartner, R.E., Woodford, M.R., & Fisher, C. (2017). Sexual orientation, gender, and gender identity microaggressions: Toward an intersectional framework for social work research. *Journal of Ethnic & Cultural Diversity in Social Work*, 26(1-2), 81-94.

Rankin, S. & Beemyn, G. (2012). Beyond a binary: The lives of gender-nonconforming youth. *About Campus*, 17(4), 20-10.

DUE: Journal Entry #2

Group Presentations (Part 2)

Week 12: 11/19/19 – Xenophobia & Immigration

Readings: Knuesel, A. (2012). Yellow peril: The Chinese Exclusion Act (1882) to the

Johnson-Reed Act of 1924. In P. J. Hayes (Ed.), *The making of modern immigration: An encyclopedia of people and ideas* (Vol. 2, pp. 749-773). Santa

Barbara, CA: ABC-CLIO.

Park, Y. (2008). Facilitating injustice: Tracing the role of social workers in the World War II Internment of Japanese Americans. *Social Service Review*, 82(3), 447-483.

Arrocha, W. (2019). Combating xenophobia and hate through compassionate migration: the present struggle of irregular migrants escaping fear and extreme poverty. Crime, Law and Social Change, 71(3), 245-260.

Schmidt, P. W. (2019). An overview and critique of US immigration and asylum policies in the Trump era. Journal on Migration and Human Security, *X*(XX), 1-11.

Recommended

Lalami, L. (2017). What does it take to 'assimilate' in America? Retrieved from https://www.nytimes.com/2017/08/01/magazine/what-does-it-take-toassimilate-in-america.html

DeParle, J. (2019) What makes an American? Retrieved from https://www.nytimes.com/2019/08/09/sunday-review/immigration-assimilationtexas.html

New Detroit: The Coalition. (2019). Multicultural Leadership Series: Hispanic/Latino Session.

DUE: Group Presentations (Part 3)

Week 13: 11/26/19 - Disabilities

Readings: DeWolfe, K., Perry, M., Stohlmann-Rainey, J., & Collings, A. (2019). 28 ways to make the world less hostile to mad, neurodivergent, and psychiatrically disabled people. Retrieved from https://www.radicalabolitionist.org/radicalabolitionist/2019/2/15/26-ways-to-make-the-world-less-hostile-to-madneurodivergent-and-psychiatrically-disabled-people

> Dupre, M. (2012). Disability culture and cultural competency in social work. Social Work Education: The International Journal, 31(2), 168-183.

Ladau, E. (2015). Why person-first language doesn't always put the person first. Retrieved from https://www.thinkinclusive.us/why-person-first-languagedoesnt-always-put-the-person-first/

Washel, E. (2016). People who are not disabled need to check out #ableismexists right now. Retrieved from https://www.huffingtonpost.ca/entry/dominick-evans-ableismexists-twitterdiscrimination-against-disabled-people n 571902c9e4b0c9244a7b2eb9

Tastrom, K. (2018) I'm sick of inaccessibility. Here's how you can make your event more accessible to people with chronic illnesses. Retrieved from https://everydayfeminism.com/2018/04/event-inaccessibility/

Recommended

Meekosha, H. (2011). Decolonising disability: Thinking and acting globally. Disability & Society, 26(6), 667-682.

Oliver, M. (1990). The individual and social models of disability.

DUE: Proposal for Final Project

Week 14: 12/3/19 – Responding and Resisting; Anti-Oppressive Practice

Guest: Justin Hodge: https://ssw.umich.edu/faculty/profiles/clinical-and-

research/hodjusti

Readings: Voting is Social Work (handout)

[Podcast] The Code Switch Guide to Handling Casual Racism: https://one.npr.org/?sharedMediald=495473701:495719078

Pollack, S. (2004). Anti-oppressive social work practice with women in prison: Discursive reconstructions and alternative practices. *British Journal of Social Work, 34*, 693-707.

Maiter, S. (2009). Using an Anti-racist Framework for Assessment and Intervention in Clinical Practice with Families from Diverse Ethno-racial Backgrounds. *Clinical Social Work Journal*, 37(4), 267-276.

Recommended

Utt, J. (2012) How to talk about privilege to someone who doesn't know what that is. Retrieved from https://everydayfeminism.com/2012/12/how-to-talk-to-someone-about-privilege/

Baines, D. (2011). An overview of anti-oppressive practice: Roots, theory, tensions. *Doing anti-oppressive practice: Social justice social work* (2nd ed., pp. 1-25). Nova Scotia: Fernwood Publications.

Barnoff, L., & Moffatt, K. (2007). Contradictory tensions in anti-oppression practice in feminist social services. *Affilia*, 22(1), 56-70.

Sakamoto, I. & Pitner, R.O. (2005). Use of critical consciousness in antioppressive social work practice: Disentangling power dynamics at personal and structural levels. *British Journal of Social Work*, *35*(4), 435-452.

DUE: Journal Entry #3

Week 15: 12/10/19 - What next?

Readings: Kahn, S. (2010). Pull your shift. In Creative community organizing: A guide for

rabble-rousers, activists, and quiet lovers of justice (pp. 187-192). San

Francisco, CA: Berrett-Koehler Publishers, Inc.

[Youtube Video] Shit's Totally FUCKED! What Can We Do?: A Mutual Aid Explainer by Dean Spade and Ciro Carillo: https://youtu.be/PopmGAvsggg

DUE: Final Project/Paper Class Evaluations

c. Assignments

A brief description of each assignment is provided here. A more detailed description of assignments with grading rubrics are posted on Canvas (Files → Assignments). Assignments should be submitted via Canvas before the start of class unless otherwise specified.

Class Engagement and Professionalism (20%): Active, purposeful engagement in class discussion and activities and demonstration of professionalism are paramount for successful completion of this course. In addition to attending class, students are expected to arrive prepared to actively participate in their learning process.

"Who am I?" (15%): To prepare for engagement with course materials, students will be asked to reflect on their social location through a brief video or paper to consider what their answers reveal about who they are and how this shapes them as a person and as a current and/or future social worker.

Journal Entries (20%): The purpose of this assignment is to practice reflexivity by submitting three reflection papers in response to readings, activities, videos, guest speakers, or other course content (3 papers due).

Group Presentation (20%): Students will work in groups of 3-5 to prepare and deliver a presentation about the ways in which power has been and is currently used to define, subjugate and dominate the identity of targeted group/community through popular culture mechanisms, as well as how this targeted group/community resists oppression.

Final Project (25%): Students will analyze an issue of social justice or the conditions of a marginalized population group using concepts and frameworks described and discussed throughout the course. Students can choose one of several formats for your final project, including (1) TED talk; (2) podcast; or (3) an illustrated book/magazine with photographs and articles. Another format may be possible, but you must seek professor permission prior to the proposal. Alternately, students can participate in a 6-week long social justice dialogue groups and submit a reflective paper about their experience.

Assignment	Percent	Due
Engagement and Professionalism	20	Ongoing
"Who Am I?"	15	Week 3

Journal Entries	20	Weeks 5, 11, and 14
Group Presentation	20	Weeks 9, 11, 12
Final Project	25	Proposal due Week 13 Project due Week 15

Grades will be posted to Canvas within two weeks of assignment due dates.

d. Attendance and class participation

I encourage you to attend courses to earn points for class participation. Engagement and professionalism is a graded assignment in this course (see Canvas under Files → Assignments → Engagement & Professionalism). Should something prevent you coming to class (i.e. illness, a conference, a religious observance, personal emergency) please notify your instructor (*when possible at least 24 hours before an expected absence, or within 24 hours of an unexpected absence/emergency*). Note: If you are absent from class, you are still responsible for any assignments due that day. Please review the Policy on Class Attendance found in the MSW Student Guide.

Please be considerate to me, guest speakers, and your colleagues by limiting the use of laptops, phones and other forms of technology for classroom purposes only. Misuse of these devices during class time will be reflected in your participation score. Relatedly, <u>an interesting</u> read on research concerning the personal use of technology in the classroom.

e. Grading

From MSW Student Guide policies on <u>Grades in Academic Courses and in Field Instruction</u>: Letter grades from A through E are given for class performance. Grades of A are given for exceptional individual performance and mastery of the material. The use of A+, A, and A-distinguishes degrees of superior mastery. B grades are given to students who demonstrate mastery of the material: B+ is used for students who perform just above the mastery level but not in an exceptional manner; B- is used for students just below the mastery level. C grades are given when mastery of the material is minimal. A C- is the lowest grade which carries credit. D grades indicate deficiency and carry no credit. E grades indicate failure and carry no credit.

Grading Scale:

Key grading criteria include: a) thoroughness and completeness of content; b) clarity and logic of presentation; c) evidence of critical thought and self-reflection; and d) writing and editing quality.

Late Assignment Policy: Please communicate with me as soon as possible if you anticipate problems with a due date. Unless this is due to an unexpected event/emergency, requests for an extension on an assignment must be made at least 48 hours in advance. Without advance arrangements, assignments turned in after the due date/time will receive a 5% deduction from your overall grade for each day past due and be considered incomplete after one week.

I will do my very best to assess and provide feedback on your work. If you believe you have been graded inaccurately or unfairly on an assignment, please submit in writing the mistake you believe has been made and the alternate grade you suggest. Challenges to a grade must be in writing, specific, and based on substantive arguments (or mathematical errors). I reserve the right to re-read and re-grade the work in its entirety in the case of a challenge. This may result in a higher or lower grade and that grade will be final.

Please review the <u>Student Grievance procedures</u> and <u>policy for grading in special</u> circumstances in the MSW Student Guide.

Please review Additional School and University policies, information and resources are available here: https://ssw.umich.edu/standard-policies-information-resources.

Safety and emergency preparedness:

All University of Michigan students, faculty and staff are required to familiarize themselves with emergency procedures and protocols for both inside and outside of the classroom. <u>Click here to read more about the School of Social Work's emergency policies and procedures.</u>

In the event of possible building closure (i.e. severe weather conditions, public health notices, etc.) you may contact (734)764-7793 for up-to-date school closure information. Familiarize yourself with the emergency card posted next to the phone in every classroom/meeting room. Review the information on the emergency evacuation sign (located nearest the door). Each SSW classroom is equipped with door locks. Pressing the Lock button (the only button located inside of the door handle) to lock the door from within the room. If you are concerned about your ability to exit the building in the case of an emergency, contact the Office of Student Services (Room 1748) at (734) 936-0961 or via email at ssw-adacompliance@umich.edu.

Mental health and well-being

The University of Michigan is committed to advancing the mental health and wellbeing of all students. If you or someone you know is feeling overwhelmed, depressed, and/or in need of support, services are available. For help, contact:

- <u>Counseling and Psychological Services</u> (CAPS) located at the Tappan Street Auxiliary
 Building on 609 Tappan Street across from the Ross Business School; (734) 764-8312
 - We also have an embedded CAPS Counselor at SSW, Alejandro Rojas, LMSW, who is dedicated to supporting the well-being of social work students and the SSW community. All services are free and confidential. To contact Alejandro Rojas, please email aroja@umich.edu to set up an initial consultation.
- University Health Service (UHS) at (734) 764-8320
- Additional campus health and wellness resources

The Office of Student Services' Health and Wellness Program provides supportive services to MSW students which promote wellness, self care and maintenance of a healthy academic and mental health balance, as well as to increase disability awareness. Contact the Health and Wellness Program at ssw.wellness@umich.edu

Teaching evaluations

Teaching evaluations are administered via Canvas and will be emailed to students during the last week of classes. Student identity is completely anonymous, and instructors cannot view evaluation reports until after grades are submitted.

Proper use of names and pronouns

All students will be asked to share the name and pronouns they would like to use in our classroom space. Names and pronouns may change overtime. It is expected that we all commit to using the correct name and pronouns of each other and any guests throughout the semester. Should someone accidently use the wrong name or pronoun, acknowledge the mistake, apologize, and move on with the correct version. Example: "As he was saying. I'm sorry; I meant to say, as they were saying, that was a very interesting article."

Accommodations for students with disabilities

If you are in need of any accommodations, please let me know at your earliest convenience. Any information you provide is private and confidential and will be treated as such. <u>Additional information about accommodations for students with disabilities, as well as a list of appropriate accommodation forms, is available here.</u> Please present the appropriate paperwork at least two weeks prior to the need for the accommodation (test, project, etc.).

For more information or to schedule an appointment, contact:

Services for Students with Disabilities G-664 Haven Hall

505 South State St. Phone: (734) 763-3000 Email: ssdoffice@umich.edu

Religious/Spiritual observances

The University of Michigan, as an institution, does not observe religious holidays, however it has long been the University's policy that every reasonable effort should be made to help students avoid negative academic consequences when their religious obligations conflict with academic requirements. Please click here to find out more about student expectations around conflicts between the academic and religious calendars, as well as a non-exhaustive list of religious holidays.

Military deployment

<u>Please click here for more information and resources for students called to Active Duty status</u> while enrolled at the University of Michigan.

Writing skills and expectations

<u>Strong writing and communication skills are essential to your academic success and professional career.</u> The Writing Coordinator for the School of Social Work is open to meeting with students during any phase of the writing process. Their office is housed within the Career Services Office. The Career Services Office also offers workshops, resources and individual assistance to help improve skills and confidence in written communication.

For more information or to schedule an appointment, contact:

SSW Writing Assistance Career Services (Room 1696) 1080 S University Ave.

Phone: (734) 763-6259 Email: ssw-cso@umich.edu

Any social work assignments presented as professional papers or presentations should utilize APA formatting. I will assign points to your assignments based on proper use of APA formatting. Review the MLibrary APA Citation Guide as needed. The Purdue Owl website is very helpful resource for assistance with APA formatting.

Academic integrity and plagiarism

Do not plagiarize - plagiarism is prohibited in any academic writing at the University of Michigan. More information on academic integrity policies can be found in the MSW Student Guide.

Test your knowledge on plagiarism here: https://sites.google.com/a/umich.edu/ssw-writing-help/academic-integrity-avoiding-plagiarism