SW 504: Social Justice and Diversity in Social Work

Fall, 2016, Section 012
Wednesdays, 5 to 8 PM
Office Hours by Appointment

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3 Credits, no prerequisites Foundation HBSE Course

ABOUT YOUR PROFESSOR

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Course Description

This required foundation course is designed to increase students’ awareness, knowledge, and critical skills related to diversity, human rights, social and economic justice. The topics of this course include developing a framework for 1) engaging diversity and differences in social work practice and 2) advancing human rights and social and economic justice. We will explore the knowledge base that underlies skills needed to work towards justice. These include types and sources of power, multiple social locations, social constructions, social processes, social identities, conflicts, and how all these interact. A major emphasis is on developing skills in critical contextual thinking and analyses, and in praxis, learning to use knowledge and theory to recognize and critique underlying assumptions and paradigms, and inform working for change. Multiple kinds of boundaries are especially important—across groups, between organizations and system levels, and within and between people, related to intersecting social locations.

Course Content

Students will actively explore how societal power and diversity characterize and shape the human experience, and are critical to the formation of social structures, cultural understandings, group and organizational processes, and identities. The dimensions of diversity are understood as the intersectionality of multiple factors including age, class, color, culture, disability, ethnicity, gender, gender identity and expression, immigration status, political ideology, race, religion, sex, and sexual orientation. In this course, students will learn how current experiences of privilege and oppression are shaped by historical forces, societal structures, social constructions, group and interpersonal processes, and human understandings, including an understanding of the institutional, organizational, policy, and socio-cultural arrangements that contribute to them. Additionally, this foundation course will explore formulations of human rights, including positive rights, and negative conditions that need to be eradicated. This course also studies how social justice and injustice occur in organizations, institutions, and society, relevant theories that can inform work for justice (e.g., critical race theory, and components of many theories), and how mechanisms of oppression and privilege work (e.g., marginalization, exploitation, violence, cultural hegemony, and powerlessness).

Course Objectives

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be better able to:

1. Describe community and organizational work for social change.
2. Demonstrate knowledge and skills for working for justice, enacting critical consciousness, and engaging and addressing issues of power and diversity. (4.2, 4.3, 4.6, 4.7)
3. Describe the dynamics of difference and dominance/oppression are and how they impact human functioning and social relations within and across diverse groups. (4.1, 4.5)
4. Describe how structural differences in society are shaped by historical, psychological, social, and political factors. (4.1, 4.5)
5. Demonstrate knowledge of social locations, constructions, processes, and identities and the diversity within these. This includes increased knowledge about the forces that shape complex selves, relationships, and worldviews. (4.2, 4.3)
6. Demonstrate skills in critical contextual thinking, applying multiple theories and frameworks to illuminate underlying assumptions, biases and possible opportunities, and engaging in praxis.

7. Demonstrate awareness of the sources of power, how to mobilize power towards positive change, and ways to challenge oppressive assumptions, biases, and prejudices (4.2, 4.3)

8. Describe methods for continuing a life long process of recognizing our biases, learning how to change oppressive behaviors and structures, and building a more socially just multicultural society. (4.2, 4.4, 4.6, 4.7)

Course Design

This class will strive to foster a learning environment where each student can reflect critically on sources of power and mechanisms of oppression and privilege, construct a framework for justice, and examine sources of their beliefs and perspectives. This course will work to create a climate that supports critical analyses, mutual learning, engaging within and across differences and examining sources of power and knowledge. It involves lectures, video, and participation in experiential activities. Additionally, this course will provide a forum to critically examine how our multiple status locations, societal constructions, and social processes shape our beliefs, assumptions, behaviors, and life experiences. Special attention will also be given knowledge about justice and change, and principles of change towards justice.

Theme Relation to Multiculturalism & Diversity

is addressed from the perspective of critically considering how diverse dimensions (such as ability; age; class; color; culture; ethnicity; family structure; gender - including gender identity and gender expression; marital status; national origin; race; religion, spirituality or worldview; sex; and sexual orientation) are socially constructed, embedded in societal structures across system levels, and maintained through social processes and intra and interpersonal relationships and schemas.

Theme Relation to Social Justice

is addressed from the perspective of critically analyzing theories and conceptualizations of justice, current trends and ethical issues and their implications for promoting social justice and social change, by considering the influence of normative rules and conditions. Additional focus will be directed towards how structural and institutional conditions affect the opportunities and well-being of different populations (advantaged and disadvantaged groups) in society.

Theme Relation to Promotion, Prevention, Treatment & Rehabilitation

is addressed from the perspective of critically considering how varied ideological, theoretical and empirical perspectives influence the definition of social problems and, subsequently, the ways in which institutional policies and practices address access, promotion, prevention, treatment, and rehabilitation.

Theme Relation to Behavioral and Social Science Research

will be reflected in the theory, social science literature and research covered characterizing and analyzing macro-level structures, processes and their bearing and implications for the well-being of different vulnerable and disadvantaged groups and populations in society, as well as how marginalized groups exert agency and influence society.
**Relationship to SW Ethics and Values**
The NASW Code of Ethics will be used to give students direction about ethical issues as they relate to the experience of marginalized groups. The course will focus on social workers’ responsibility as professionals to promote general welfare by working toward the elimination of discrimination, expanding choices for all persons, encouraging respect for diversity, advocating for progressive changes in social policies, and encouraging informed participation by the public.

**Intensive Focus on PODS [Privilege, Oppression, Diversity and Social Justice]**
This course integrates PODS content and skills with a special emphasis on the identification of practice, theories and/or policies that promote social justice, illuminate injustices and are consistent with scientific and professional knowledge. Through the use of a variety of instructional methods, this course will support students developing a vision of social justice, learn to recognize and reduce mechanisms that support oppression and injustice, work toward social justice processes, apply intersectionality and intercultural frameworks and strengthen critical consciousness, self knowledge and self awareness to facilitate PODS learning.

**Important Questions for SW 504**

1. What comprises and defines social justice?
   - What theories and assumptions underlie different formulations of justice?
   - What do we know about what creates and sustains socially just situations, contexts, practices?
   - What makes for competent, resilient, and socially just communities, and institutions/organizations within those communities?
   - How is social justice related to such concepts as promotion of health and well-being, individual and community resilience, prevention of various social problems?

2. How is society possible? What defines society? What are important components of society? [e.g., class conflict, social solidarity, ideas, culture (symbols, rituals), social affiliations, Shared and conflicting values, social structures, coercion and constraint]. What factors within these levels and components of society keep recreating and sustaining inequality?

3. What explains social behavior? How are micro and meso level behaviors and forces embedded in and influenced by macro contexts, and vice versa? [e.g., early socialization, on-going socialization, statuses and roles, social structures, rewards and punishments, conformity, audience reaction, ]

4. What creates and sustains inequalities, injustice, oppression, privilege? Why are some social locations and categories associated with unearned privilege and others with disadvantage? What are different types and consequences of [different forms of] oppression, and implications for working for justice?

5. How do societal institutions work? What is important for me as a social worker to know about different types of institutions in order to be effective in my workplace and in reaching justice and other practice goals, with or on behalf of clients and in working with others? (e.g. families, organizations and communities and their functions, government and “the state”, the global political-economy)

6. How do people, societies and institutions change? General theories, planned/steered change approaches?
e.g., From the bottom up, one individual at a time

- Collective behavior
- Changing consciousness, symbols
- Natural selection
- New technologies

Because of external forces, crises, economic markets and forces (capitalism)

7. What’s the role of government (the State) in funding and regulating behavior and social institutions, maintaining or reducing inequality?

8. How have and do micro, meso, macro structures and processes shape and influence me? How can I use knowledge about these forces to increase my critical consciousness, and work with diversity?

9. What is the role of theory, theorizing, and knowledge about all the above, in improving my practice, and in creating more just situations and more effective human services and communities?

Four major and inter-related streams within 504

- Social justice, barriers to that (privilege/oppression), what sustains and disrupts these, and how these operate differently in different groups and contexts.
- Skills for theorizing and critical contextual thinking; learning about and applying theories
- Social change, and what helps systems to change. Prevention and promotion of justice and well-being within this.
- Intersectionality in knowledge of self and for working with others who are similar and different.

Texts:

Texts are available at Ulrichs and also on reserve in the Undergraduate library and can be taken out for four hours, or overnight, after 8PM.

We will read all or most of these:


All the readings not in the three texts are on the Canvas site for this course. Let me know if accessing these through Canvas creates any difficulties and we’ll see if we can work out something else.

We will read all of the Mullaly and Bornstein texts.

The Bornstein chapters are assigned throughout the course, but we will focus on this explicitly towards the end of the course.

More about the Course, my Philosophy of Teaching and Expectations

As you know, this course is a new course being fully implemented this semester, so we may make some adjustments over the course of the term, either in response to your feedback, because something needs to be adjusted, or because I discover resources I haven’t yet
identified. It is part of the HBSE (Human Behavior and Social Environment) component of the Foundation Curriculum. As such, it focuses on the knowledge base for social work practice in all methods and fields, emphasizing different sized systems. It draws from many of the social sciences, plus some humanities and basic sciences, plus women’s and ethnic studies. We will emphasize what “evidence” is available to support particular perspectives and theories (including a bit about scholarly methods used to produce this knowledge and theory), and on analyzing the strengths and limitations of each. Major goals are to

- develop the knowledge to see, articulate, theorize, plan, problem-solve, and create and sustain social justice and well-being (often involving creating or resisting change) at larger systems levels, and
- understand and influence how larger systems (communities, organizations, policies/government) impact individuals, families, and groups and vice versa
- Consider implications of the above for “doing justice” (towards positive change and human agency or disrupting/preventing negative change), including developing principles for working towards justice while addressing privilege and oppression, and navigating intersecting categories of difference and power.

I am much less interested in mastery of “facts” about different theories and approaches, but in your learning how to conceptualize and “theorize”—learn about, apply, and revise—language and conceptual frameworks that will inform your work.

Epistemological curiosity. Related to this is the concept of “epistemological curiosity”, derived from Freire, a Brazilian educator, emphasizing systematic exploration of knowledge about different levels and segments of society, theorizing about justice issues, and reflecting on ourselves in interaction with others (praxis). This requires developing a climate in the classroom in which we can learn from each other’s different perspectives and experiences. We need to be able to share, disagree, clarify what each of us means, and struggle together with concepts none of us understand well at first. These are not just intellectual tasks, but often generate strong emotions, and require us to surface and engage with our values and what may be tacit (not articulated) assumptions. Learning new ways of thinking can be very exciting and empowering, but we may also feel confused, anxious, overwhelmed, and even angry at different points in this process. These emotions usually are markers that you are being challenged and are learning, as long as they do not overwhelm you and we can navigate through them.

Adult learning. I use principles of adult learning whenever I can, with an understanding that new knowledge has to build upon and “fit” with knowledge you already have, and that you have to be able to “unlearn” or revise previous knowledge to accommodate new perspectives. Also, we know that adult learners often learn differently from those who are learning everything for the first time. As a result, I lecture much less than many faculty members, although often provide handouts to help you to organize and digest different types of material, and I am happy to spend some time explaining particular readings or concepts that I had not intended to lecture about if there are requests for this. I rely on you (as adult learners) to set your own learning goals, and to let me know if some discussion or clarification of readings in class would be useful.

- Your learning will be directly correlated with the effort you expend in taking responsibility for your own goals and agendas.
- We will discuss many of the readings, but I will not review them all in class, although I will look for evidence that you have done all the readings in your assignments.
• You need to take responsibility for letting me know if some discussion of a particular reading or concept would be useful or interesting, if you have a question or aren’t sure you see the relevance of something.

**Attendance, participation, and agency.** I use class time to engage you in activities that extend and augment and allow you to apply and examine course readings and topics, and we will go beyond course readings through group presentations and class exercises. I pay attention to who is there and how engaged you are. If you find class time or other course components un-useful, I expect you to tell me that and work with me to make it better, and not just skip class, or check out and not pay attention during class.

Because of learning goals or key aspects of your identities, you may want to propose a modification of assignments to meet your goals or interests better. Lots of options are possible if I know what you need or want, but we should discuss these ahead of time so I can be sure that what you propose is consistent with course objectives. Please don’t assume that an altered assignment will be acceptable without discussing it with me, so we can be sure that it meets course objectives and is fair for all given course criteria.

On days that assignments are due, I would rather you come to class and participate even if the assignment isn’t done; you can get it to me later in the day. I am also more concerned about what you know at the end of the course than how you do initially, and am happy to have you redo/add to an assignment if you are unhappy with your first try or wish to try and raise your grade.

**Individual issues and needs in the course/Any special circumstances.**

I am very concerned that this course is accessible and relevant for everyone. I will be asking you about your preferences in terms of learning, and we will work to negotiate these among us. Please let me know (either in person in class or in office hours, or via email) if you have some particular goals or needs for the class. These may be related to your past experience or your interests, or to special agendas you have or challenges you face as a learner, in the classroom, or in relation to your health or family circumstances. I am happy to work with you on ways to manage the classroom, learning and assignments to accommodate different learning styles, learning or other disabilities, or family or other responsibilities, and there are resources elsewhere on campus that we can access.

There are also a number of religious observances that occur during the fall that will be relevant for some of you. We should discuss how we can allow you to practice your faith and meet course obligations.

Any student who feels they may need an accommodation based on the impact of a disability should let me know so we can work out ways to address. Please contact the Services for Students with Disability office at 734-763-3000 in room G-664 Haven Hall to coordinate reasonable accommodations for students with documented disabilities. There are also resources to consult with you about family obligations.

**Some Suggestions—for how to digest, keep track of key concepts and relationships among them, over time.**
1. You will benefit by forming a discussion/reading group with some of your classmates, to divide up readings, teach each other the main points from them, and consider how to apply them. If enough of you do this, I will give you class time for short meetings. Remember that a really good way to learn is to educate others.

2. You should strongly consider keeping an informal journal throughout the semester to track and record your reactions and thoughts--partly for yourself so you can see recurring themes and growth through the semester, and partly to collect information that will be useful for the analytic reflections and concept maps (see below). Summarize and try and organize concepts and thoughts over time. Pay particular attention to what excites, disturbs, puzzles, or angers you--or leaves you feeling defensive. Sometimes we have to discover our values, biases, preferences through fairly indirect ways.

3. Create and update a glossary. It is especially important that you keep track of key concepts and their meaning(s) and start to think about how they relate to each other. This may mean developing a glossary for yourself and “maps” about how terms are related. A glossary and mini-maps can help you to keep track of key concepts and definitions, and begin to think about relationships among them and questions they raise for you. It’s important to do this as the course proceeds, so you don’t end up having to do it all at the end as you work on your concept map.

I want you to use and cite concepts from readings and class sessions in all assignments, and your grade will be stronger if you include greater breadth and depth in the accurate use and application of concepts from across and throughout the course. Each session builds on earlier sessions.

**Evaluation Criteria and Procedures**

**General evaluation criteria** (special elements will also be delineated for particular assignments):

- Demonstrate understanding of and ability/apply knowledge and theory to illuminate intersectionality and justice goals and barriers;
- Systematic & logical presentation of arguments, with appropriate documentation;
- Appropriate use of evidence, use of relevant literature and concepts, with citations;
- Scope of concepts used; degree of integration across topics, levels, and different readings
- Clarity of presentation;
- Originality & creativity;
- Attention to diversity and social justice issues across different populations and situations.

I want you to use actual terminology and concepts from the course and its readings and to cite your sources, even if this feels awkward--for a number of reasons.

- First, one of the goals of a professional education is to assist you to learn and use the language of the profession—because people communicate using that language within professional contexts (although you may want to translate into day-to-day language with those from other disciplines and from the community).
- Second, it requires specific types of terminology to be able to conceptualize key components of justice and the “world” and your practice environments, and it requires a language to be able to theorize.
• Third, in terms of my understanding and being able to evaluate your work, you will discover that many of the authors use different terms for similar things and similar terms for different things. If I don’t know which version of concepts you are using, I will not be able to evaluate whether you are using them accurately—specific use of terms and citations of where they came from will help me identify their sources.

• These are especially important in developing skills for critical contextual thinking, which requires being able to recognize, name, and theorize about complex conditions in order to continue to visualize justice and recognize and address forces that perpetuate injustice.

• Finally, accurate use of concepts and citations of the sources of these are important for ethical and practical reasons—it is important not to plagiarize other people’s work (see below).

Academic honesty, scholarly conventions and citation guidelines.

It is plagiarism whenever you take credit for work that is not your own—whatever the source of that work. You are taking credit for someone else’s work whenever you do not cite the sources of your ideas or points, whether you do this deliberately or because you are being sloppy about where ideas came from.

When you quote someone directly (including something you have written for other purposes), you should include the source and the page number. When you paraphrase, you should include the source. For papers in this course, when you are citing sources from the texts or readings in the syllabus, I do not require a full citation, but you should cite the authors and date (in parentheses right after the concept, phrase, or paragraph) and if it is a large source (e.g., a book), you should cite the relevant chapter at minimum. If you are citing sources from outside the texts or syllabus, please use American Psychological Association format, described in Student Guide and many other places.

Note that this requirement to cite sources also applies to the contributions of your classmates as well. I encourage people to work together—to discuss readings and class activities, to brainstorm together about assignments, to divide up and teach each other about readings, etc. You will have at least one group assignment in which I will assist you to develop group norms and roles to support working together. I expect you to tell me in writing when you have discussed assignments with others, and with whom, when you turn written work into me.

There is information in the Student Guide to the Master’s in Social Work Degree Program and other appropriate University publications for policies and penalties related to academic dishonesty, including plagiarism, and information about procedures for ethical and correct citations.

Grading

Student grades will be based on the University’s grading scale.

An A reflects especially excellent performance, with high degrees of theorizing and analysis, integration across theories and contexts, high clarity of writing and thinking, superior grasp of subject matter, high-organization and creativity. An A will also represent a wide scope of readings and theories used across the course, accurate application of those theories and strong theoretical analysis of yourself and applied situations. To receive an A, your work needs to have consistent use of social justice lenses, high class participation and contributions to the
learning of others, and clear inclusion of citations from multiple course sources. An A+ is possible, but I use this grade rarely. It represents superior performance across all components and criteria for the course.

An A minus will be assigned for strong, very good work that is well written and conceptualized, uses a reasonable number of course sources, with appropriate citations, includes interesting insights, and clearly links relevant theories to applied situations. An A- also includes strong course participation and contribution to the learning of others.

The B range indicates basic mastery and achievement of general course goals, with some areas of strong work. This includes clear writing, good use of course resources, use of several theories in appropriate ways, demonstration of basic knowledge in all course domains, linkages across these and an ability to draw some relevant implications. B indicates general achievement of most course objectives, while a B+ represents work that exceeds basic course expectations in some components of the course.

A grade in the C range includes at least some elements of what is described in B, with some acceptable elements and some marginal ones. D or below is likely to be missing key components, poorly organized, and without clear linkages between theories and other aspects of the course.

At various intervals, I will ask you to set your own goals and evaluation criteria, and then assess your own performance in the class, the effort you have expended, and how much you have learned. You will also evaluate each other in your small groups and class presentations. Your evaluations will be incorporated with mine and considered in on-going and final grading.

Overview of assignments and requirements

These are designed to cover core areas of the course and to assist you to develop skills in theorizing, integrating, and applying course materials. More details about each of these follow the overview)

a) **Class participation**. This includes attendance, being prepared for class by reading assigned readings and contributing to the learning of others (by participating in class discussion and activities and contributing to different tasks and learning in groups,, and sharing your concept map with the class), and a couple of in-class reflection activities. **25 %**

Since I try and use class time to apply and augment material in the readings, I expect that you have read them **before** class, and let me know if you have questions or issues you’d like the class or me to deal with during class. You can do this at the beginning of class or via email before class. I also firmly believe that one of the best ways to learn especially as an adult is to help to educate others, so there will be strong course components in which you are digesting material and sharing and working together with others to increase your own and their learning.

We will also devote class time to assist you in all of the other assignments (below) as well.

b) **Reflective Analyses**: Application of course concepts, terminology and analyses to yourself, a social justice issue that is relevant and that you care about, and to practice contexts. The
goals of these will be to demonstrate understanding and application of course concepts. This will have three parts (30% total, 10% each).

The first of these will be due Oct 13, the second on Nov 17, and the last a week after our last class, Dec. 15. I will get you the guidelines for these by the second week of the course.

c) **Theorizing.** Learning about and teaching a theory relevant for critical contextual analyses, planning and evaluation, and considering implications for practice and change for social justice. This is a group project, completed with 2 to 4 other students in which you will choose and investigate a theory, share your learning with the rest of the class, and reflect on your learning and group processes. We will begin this in a couple of weeks, and will continue with sessions throughout the course, concluding by mid-November (25%).

d) **Concept “map”.** A concept map is a visual representation of key concepts and relationships among them. It is intended to help you to integrate and think about how you will use elements of this course as a whole (20%). This will be due November 16 and you will share them with your classmates during the last two weeks of the class. We will work on this in class. There are many resources on the web about concept mapping, some on our Canvas site, and we will work on them in class. The assignment includes the map itself, plus an up to three-page explanation/analysis of it (using course concepts and citations).

For all assignments, please submit them on the Canvas site. You may want to alert me via email since it is sometimes difficult to tell when a new document has been submitted.

Below is a schema of course activities and due dates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Knowledge areas</th>
<th>Theorizing</th>
<th>Reflect and Apply</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sept 7</td>
<td>Who are we? overview of topics and the course</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sept 14</td>
<td>Intro to boundaries, conflict and multiple types and levels of analyses</td>
<td>Some challenges</td>
<td>Overview of theories</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sept 21</td>
<td>Multiple perspectives, power, change and application</td>
<td>Overview of some frameworks &amp; theories</td>
<td>Form theory groups Identify a social issue to focus on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sept 28,</td>
<td>Intersectionality multiple perspectives, power, differences</td>
<td>Work in theory groups</td>
<td>Some application to social issues</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct 5</td>
<td>Social constructions, paradigms, policies, privilege, &amp; tacit assumptions</td>
<td>Work in theory groups</td>
<td>First reflective analysis due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct 12</td>
<td>Social justice, implications for policy</td>
<td>First education sessions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct 19</td>
<td>Oppressions and intersectionality</td>
<td>Education sessions continue</td>
<td></td>
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</table>
More Details about Assignments

A. Reflective Analysis Assignments (30% altogether)

For these assignments, you will select a social issue that you are passionate about, and analyze this, using course concepts and various theories, and also locating yourself and your own views and values. We will focus heavily on developing social justice goals, analyzing sources and mechanisms of oppression and privilege, and considering options for change towards the goals you identified.

Each of these should draw on concepts from the readings and other aspects of the course (and cite their origins), probably most heavily from the weeks since the previous assignment. Criteria are all those cited earlier, especially breadth and integration across course topics, explicit use of concepts from the readings and class session, concise critical reflection and analyses, and some application to yourself and key areas of your environment. Remember to cite the origins or concepts you use. Full credit will be given for a strong breadth and integration across course topics and key elements in the readings and class activities and discussion, thoughtful and concise critical reflection, analyses, and application. Fewer points will be awarded if some core topics are not included or cited clearly, for descriptions with less analysis and reflection, and for less convincing use of evidence and explanations.

I will give you explicit instructions for these in the next couple of weeks.

B. “Theory” Assignment (25%). Application of Social Science and other theories to SW and social justice

You will complete this assignment in a group with 2 to 4 other students. Early in the term, you will indicate your choices of theories and we will cluster you into workgroups. Each workgroup will determine your own criteria and approaches and produce the “products” below. I
- will assist you to set goals and working strategies at the beginning of this assignment,
- am available to assist and problem-solve while you are planning,
- would like a summary of what you plan before you implement it, and
- a little lead time if you need me to make copies of anything.
After your education session, after you review class assessments and write your own analysis and reflection, I will meet with your group to review and assess the experience together.

Your tasks are several

A. Develop your group contract and working procedures

B. 1) Collect information about, and work to understand the conceptual framework/theory, its key components and concepts.

2) Consider how it can assist you to think about social work—with clients, within organizations and communities, and with regard to social policies.

3) Prepare a session for the class to educate them about your theory and applications and implications. What you propose to do should be shared with the instructor, so she knows what to expect and can assist you if necessary.

4) Should include a handout for the class that explicates key elements of the “theory” (see categories below), its application and how they can learn more about the theory;

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>What you should consider/include in your work, education session and resources:</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. The history of the concept(s)/theory—roots, key people involved in the development, what they were trying to explain.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. What “research”/knowledge development methods have been used to produce the body of knowledge? What are the strengths and limitations of these methods?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. How have these concepts been applied within social work (and why not if not).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. In what ways can this theory/set of concepts inform social justice/intersectionality/anti-oppression work? What are the theory’s limitations with regard to intersectional/anti-oppression/social justice perspectives?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. What aspects of social work practice does this theory/set of concepts illuminate/inform?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social policy  Community  Organizational  Groups  Individual/family</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. What elements does this theory/set of concepts miss or obscure that are important for social work practice at the various levels?</td>
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Your classmates will provide feedback on what they learned during the session

D. Prepare an individual critique (3-4 pages) of your group’s work, including

- what you learned (about the theory, yourself, the education session, groupwork,
- an assessment of each group member’s contributions,
- an assessment of class members’ evaluation of your presentation,
- any limitations of your learning and your group’s work, and
- how you intend to keep learning.
You should produce this (3-4 pages) and submit to instructor shortly after your group’s education session.

E. Schedule a group analysis session with your group members and the instructor to do a final assessment, establish criteria, and determine final points.

**Evaluation** of this component of the class assignments will include the following:
- the classes’ evaluation of the clarity and usefulness of the presentation, handout, & discussion
- your assessment of your learning & performance as a group, individual’s contributions,
- The instructor’s assessment of the above and your individual critiques.

We will review and synthesize all of this in a group meeting and determine a grade together as soon as I have your review and critique papers.

**C, Concept Map (20%) Due Nov 16.**

This consists of a visual representation of key elements of the four “streams” of the course (p 4), and their inter-relationships, plus a three-page narrative that explains and interprets the map. As in all other assignments, you need to use and cite explicitly course concepts, readings and activities. This can occur within the map and/or in the narrative. There will be resources for concept mapping on our course Canvas site, many are available on the web, and I am happy to share examples with you from previous classes. This is meant to be a generative and integrative assignment, and would be a good artifact for a portfolio if you decide to do one.

**Extra credit.** Several options for this are possible, if people are interested.

**Last class session.**

In our last class session, I hope we can all learn from each other’s concept maps, and consider implications for social change. I would like everyone to share their concept maps with the entire class, so we can see the variety of approaches you have taken.

I will have summarized all your work by this time, so you’ll have a good indication of your grade, depending on your final analytic reflection. At that point, if you want to revise some elements, or negotiate some extra credit, please let me know.
Note: There are likely to be some modifications of these as the course evolves

**September 7:** Introduction to some basic categories, the course and each other: Multiple choices, paradigms, class goals and norms.

**September 14:** Different types and levels of systems and boundaries, including people and organizations in environments, some challenges within social work and implications for a complex case (experiential).

Also a quick overview of types of theories (so you can think about selecting one for your theory project next week.


- Mullaly text: Chapter 1: theoretical and conceptual considerations, 1-33


- Bornstein text: pp 1-40. Restless people, From little acorns, Light in my head went on

**September 21.** Conceptual frameworks, power, change and applications. Continuation of community simulation. Formation of theory/theorizing workgroups.


- Reed, BG. (2015 DRAFT) Multiple analytic perspectives: An overview

- Reed, B. G. (2015 DRAFT) Multiple analytic perspectives: Power, justice/injustice, change and resistance to change

- Bornstein text: pp 41-69. Indomitable will, Significant force, Why was I never told about this?

**September 28.** intersectionalities and how power, privilege, oppression and differences interact, and some implications.

Work in theory groups, develop contracts/set up education session schedule. Select social issue
Mullaly text:
- Chapter 10: Unpacking out knapsacks of invisible privilege, 287-321.
- Chapter 7: The “Web”: The multiplicity, intersectionality, and heterogeneity of oppression, 188-219

Bornstein text. pp 70-100. Ten, nine, eight, childline; Role of social entrepreneur

For those of you interested in more details and applications.
- Continue reading bell hooks book

Some other (optional) resources for critical consciousness, if you want more background:

October 5. Paradigms and their implications—for public policy making and implementation and foci or human service programs. Continue work in theory groups

First reflective analysis due.

A major focus will be on the five paradigms Mullaly presents in chapters 2 to 6 (pp 44 to 158) in the Structural Social Work book, NOT our text. These are all on Canvas.

- You should all read chapter 2, (social work vision: A progressive view)
- Each of you will be especially responsible for preparing to apply one of them (we will draw straws to determine which chapter you will “specialize” in for the day).
  The other chapters include:
    - the neo-conservative paradigm;
    - the liberal paradigm;
    - the social-democratic paradigm; and the
    - Marxist paradigm.
  Thus, each of you needs to read two chapters carefully, but eventually would benefit from reviewing all of them, so you understand and can compare and contrast the paradigms and consider where your beliefs fall.

October 12: Definitions of social justice and their implications for policies and other factors.

First theory education sessions

Social justice exercise and application: you will have some specialized readings here

- Reed, B. G. (2015 DRAFT) Theorizing approaches to justice
- Bornstein text: 101-129. What sort of a mother are you? Are they possessed…?

Topics to consider as you investigate the “theorist” you were assigned.

1. What influences helped to shape their interests and philosophy.
   - Life events?
   - Family, friends, experiences?
   - Cultural forces
   - Education, disciplinary training
   - Foci of previous work
2. Their trajectory over time—how did their thinking evolve, timeline, and key influences.
3. Key concepts and definitions.
4. Major concerns, populations and issues the person is trying to address.
5. What are defined as key components and foci for justice?
6. What methods are proposed as important for envisioning and identifying components of justice?
7. What does the person see, or imply, as the means of achieving justice?
8. What does s/he raise as challenges, dilemmas, knotty questions?

Additional resources on justice: Some of these are very accessible, so would be good ways for you to start to think about social justice issues. Up to you if you read them, but I’ll give you credit if you include them in your analyses.


Resource materials: some overviews and some introductions to approaches to social justice:

forms) and Chapter 3 (Distributive Justice), pp 11 to 44. These are basic overview chapters


**Contractual and distributive approaches**


**Human Rights approaches**

- Universal declaration of human rights (United Nations, 1948)

**Capabilities approaches** (with some thought about “constituencies” not able to participate fully in decision-making that affects them—those with some kinds of disabilities, non-human species, the larger environment).


**Approaches more focused on processes**

These are implied within Sen’s approach to implementing social justice, some postmodern approaches, and approaches that assume you must combat forces working to sustain or recreate inequality along the way.

**Approaches that focus on combatting injustice**


**October 19.** More about privilege, oppression, intersectionality and implications. Linking the five perspectives with different categories or justice, oppression/privilege, and strategies for change. Education sessions continue.

• Beth will do a brief overview of the processes perspective and how justice can be pursued, privilege and oppressions addressed within the processes/disciplinary perspective.

Please read the chapters below and the article you were assigned, and examine similarities and differences among these, and with the structural level Mullaly chapter that we discussed before break.

• Mullaly text: Chapter 5: Oppression at the structural level 126-159
• Mullaly text: Chapter 4: Oppression at the cultural level 93-125
• Mullaly text: Chapter 3: Oppression at the personal level 67-92.
• Mullaly text: Chapter 6: Internalized oppression and domination 160 – 187
• Text: Bornstein, pp 130-163. If the world is to be put in order? The search for social excellence.

**October 26.** Different types and consequences of intersectionalities, justice, power, differences, and change. Emphasizing groups and individuals. We will divide up some of these.

Education sessions continued

• Text: Bornstein, pp 164-187. The talent is out there. New opportunities, new challenges.

**Culture and Diversity**


A set of articles on TBLGQQ people and religion


Emphasizing particular locations: Initial resources for work on groups (including histories), categories, processes, identities, and consequences.

  
  Introductions for sections.
  
  o Ageism and Adultism, K. DeJong & B. J. Love. 533-53C
  o Ableism, C Casteneda, L. R. Hopkins, & M. L. Peters., 457-463.
  o Transgender oppression, C. Catalano & D. Shlasko, D., 423-429.
  o Heterosexism, W. J. Blumenfeld, 371-376
  o Sexism, H. Hackman, 315-320
  o Religious oppression, M Adams & K. Y. Joshi, 227-234.
  o Classism, M. Adams, 141-147.
  o Racism, L. A. Bell, C. Castaneda, & X. Zuniga

**November 2:** Different types and consequences of intersectionalities, justice, power, differences, and change, emphasizing larger systems

**Introduction to concept maps**

**Education sessions continued**

**Second reflective analysis due.**

We will divide up, and then teach each other from these readings

• Text: Bornstein, pp 188-213. Something needed to be done; Four practices of innovative organizations.

**Dialogue Methods and Applications**


Applications to Other System Levels


Beth will handle social justice in organizations with handouts and some lecture, and an exercise.

**November 9:** Working for change: Doing justice and challenging oppression. Last education sessions.

- Mullaly text: Chapter 8: Anti-oppressive social work practice at the personal and cultural levels, 220-258.

- Mullaly text: Chapter 9: Anti-oppressive social work practice at the structural level and selected principles of anti-oppressive social work

- Text, Bornstein, pp 214-246. This country has to change; six qualities of successful social entrepreneurs

Some applications to other populations and issues.


**November 16:** Working for change. Dynamic systems approaches and integrating justice. Review earlier readings, handouts, and notes to identify key elements for concept maps. Work on Bornstein, and principles for change. Concept maps due.
• Text, Bornstein, pp 247-270. Morality must march with capability; Blueprint copying.
• Text: Bornstein, pp 271-305. Conclusion, epilogue, and afterword.

Some interesting articles if you are interested.


**Nov 23:** Thanksgiving Recess.

**Nov. 30.: Integration, application, celebration, next steps**

Sharing of concept maps. Extracting learnings, applying concepts

**December 7:** Final assignments and revisions due