The UNAIDS strategy aims to advance global progress in achieving country set targets for universal access to HIV prevention, treatment, care and support and to halt and reverse the spread of HIV and contribute to the achievement of the Millennium Development goals by 2015. Adopted by the Programme Coordinating Board in December 2010, the strategy works to position the HIV response in the new global environment. The AIDS response is a long term investment and the intent of the strategy is to revolutionize HIV prevention, catalyze the next phase of treatment, care and support, and advance human rights and gender equality.

UNAIDS strategy goals by 2015:

- Sexual transmission of HIV reduced by half, including among young people, men who have sex with men and transmission in the context of sex work
Vertical transmission of HIV eliminated, and AIDS-related maternal mortality reduced by half
- All new HIV infections prevented among people who use drugs
- Universal access to antiretroviral therapy for people living with HIV who are eligible for treatment
- TB deaths among people living with HIV reduced by half
- People living with HIV and households affected by HIV are addressed in all national social protection strategies and have access to essential care and support
- Countries with punitive laws and practices around HIV transmission, sex work, drug use or homosexuality that block effective responses reduced by half
- HIV-related restrictions on entry, stay and residence eliminated in half of the countries that have such restrictions
- HIV-specific needs of women and girls are addressed in at least half of all national HIV responses
- Zero tolerance for gender-based violence

The UNAIDS strategy is a roadmap for the Joint Programme with concrete goals marking milestones on the path to achieving UNAIDS’ vision of “Zero new HIV infections. Zero discrimination. Zero AIDS-related deaths.” The strategy will be underpinned by a new Unified budget and accountability framework. The framework will operationalize the strategy, mobilize and allocate resources for its implementation, measure progress and report on results.

1. **Course Description:**

This course will examine the basic facts about AIDS (acquired immunodeficiency syndrome) and sensitize students to the multitude of public health, social policy, and social service delivery issues related to AIDS. Students will analyze the special challenges that AIDS presents for social work practice. In addition, students will be offered an opportunity to explore their own beliefs, values, and approaches to the issues raised by AIDS, and to gain facility in accessing and assessing the rapidly accumulating materials appearing on the topic.

2. **Course Content:**

This course will provide basic and advanced knowledge about the HIV/AIDS spectrum disease and the national/global responses to the disease. Specifically, students will receive information on the history of national and international responses to sexually transmitted diseases, epidemiology of HIV infection and AIDS, HIV antibody testing and counseling, social policy implications of HIV infection and AIDS, and treatment and prevention of HIV/AIDS. This course will address community responses to HIV/AIDS and the psychological and sociological implications of working with the spectrum of persons infected and affected by HIV/AIDS.

3. **Course Objectives:**
Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Describe the historical and current incidence and prevalence of HIV/AIDS worldwide, with a focus on the United States, particularly African-American, Latino, Native American, and Asian Pacific Islander groups. This course will also focus on women, children, gay males, and injection drug users.
2. Understand the nature of the disease, discuss differential transmission among population groups, and describe strategies for prevention and intervention at micro and macro levels.
3. Apply conceptual frameworks for understanding HIV/AIDS through examining appropriate theoretical perspectives and differential community responses.
4. Analyze and describe the impact of particular social policies and resources guiding HIV-related comprehensive care delivery systems.
5. Understand the psychological effects present for HIV/AIDS infected clients, families, and significant others, and for society as a whole.
6. Discuss the challenges and limitations of working with a range of persons with HIV infection, including chronically and terminally ill persons, and assist in the assessment of the psychological and emotional impact that these demands may have on occupational functioning.
7. Discuss typical ethical concerns related to HIV/AIDS programs, policies, and services.

4. Course Design:

The course (instructors) will include participatory discussions, written assignments, and experiential exercises related to course materials. Guest speakers may be invited to address special topics. Evaluation of direct practice will occur using a variety of strategies, including case studies, in vivo examples, and simulation.

5. Relationship of the Course to Four Curricular Themes:

- **Multiculturalism and Diversity**: Students will develop the capacity to identify ways in which diverse identities (ability, age, class, color, culture, ethnicity, family structure, gender (including gender identity and gender expression) marital status, national origin, race, religion or spirituality, sex, and sexual orientation) and other forms of social stratification and disenfranchisement influence and are influenced by HIV/AIDS disease and HIV/AIDS related policies, programs, and services.
- **Social Justice and Social Change**: It is necessary that social workers are able to analytically assess practice, programs, and policy related to HIV/AIDS if the social work profession, is to play an important role in shaping the outcome of ongoing HIV/AIDS related practice, program, and policy debates. Social workers can reflect issues regarding social change and social justice in this particular area of practice. This course will provide students with the capacity to understand and influence the role that evaluation plays in the formation and implementation of HIV/AIDS related practice, policy, and program development.
• **Promotion, Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation:** Too often, HIV/AIDS related programs, practices, and policies are implemented in reaction to an issue, and not presented proactively, due to changing social, economic, and political circumstances and influences. Promotion, prevention, treatment, and rehabilitation activities are difficult to evaluate, and therefore, raise special challenges in evaluating HIV/AIDS related practices, programs, and policies. Students will be exposed to evaluation techniques, such as social impact analysis, single case analysis, and survival analysis that can be used to analyze and evaluate HIV/AIDS related promotion, prevention, treatment, and rehabilitation activities.

• **Behavioral and Social Science Research:** Evaluation methods in HIV/AIDS related practice, policy, and programs can range from rigorous applications of social science research methodologies to expedient techniques that may be more subjective and less reliable. Social workers need to be able to identify the methods that are most rigorous, yet feasible, given evaluation needs. This course will provide students with the capacity to understand and influence the role that evaluation plays in the formation and implementation of HIV/AIDS related practice, policy, and program development.

6. **Relationship of the Course to Social Work Ethics and Values:**

Ethical standards of social work practice (NASW Code of Ethics) will be used to review issues commonly confronted in the development and provision of policy, programs, and services addressing people living with HIV/AIDS. The ethical themes of autonomy, beneficence, fidelity and justice will be particularly emphasized and discussed.

**Grading:** Is satisfactory or unsatisfactory for the course.

**Course requirement:** Attendance and participation, and a 2-page reflection paper on 3-4 episodes of “The Age of AIDS”.

**VERY highly recommended resources:** I will be pulling a good bit of material from these online resources; you may find them very helpful throughout the course – and your ongoing education of HIV/AIDS for yourself, your colleagues, and your clients:

- KaiserEDU.org (summary incidence/prevalence US/Globally)
- UNAIDS: Country by country demographics, treatment, prevention
- CDC: Extensive in-depth data on HIV/AIDS trends in US
- NASW: HIV/AIDS: how social workers help

June 10th 2015

✓ 9:00 – 9:15am: introductions, overview of workshop/other expectations
✓ 9:15am- 10:0am Brief HIV/AIDS Quiz; Brief overview history of HIV/AIDS in US; HIV Pathogenesis and Treatment, HIV lifecycle and Animations; AIDS Cure(s)
✓ 10-10:10am – BREAK
✓ 10:10-10:40 Co-morbidities; Origins of HIV; Course of care, Treatment and Cures;
✓ 10:40-11am: Global and National HIV/AIDS Surveillance/Mortality Trends : Intersectional approach to understanding sex, gender, race and risk in HIV surveillance, prevention, treatment, research: New Worries and Concerns
✓ 11:00-12pm – Why and how HIV impacts some population groups in the US more than others:
  o Structural factors
  o Epigenetics: Greater physiological vulnerability to health disparities; Unnatural Causes – In sickness and in health;

✓ 11:45 am – 1:00pm – LUNCH [on your own]
✓ 1:00 – 2:30pm: Assignment: Watch any four episodes of Frontline’s “The Age of AIDS”. Prepare a simple reflection document of 1-2 pages in which you briefly summarize the main points of the episode, and what your responses as a social workers are. What did you find surprising? What was not so surprising? And what else would you like to know?
✓ 2:45pm: Reviews and Debriefs from “The Age of AIDS”
✓ 3 -3:30 pm: Epigenetics and limits of Structural Interventions?
✓ 3:30 – 4:00 pm - Structural Interventions, Reduction in Funds, Faith Responses and Politics: The Case of Gospel Against AIDS (GAA)
4:10 – 5:00 pm : 30 Years of Policy Impact for HIV (JAMA)
| June 12th 2015 | 9:00- 9:30 am – Overview, QA, Discussion |
|              | ✓ 9:30 – 10:00 am ethics, clinical issues workshop: (Ethics/clinical decision making models) |
|              | ✓ 10:00-10:10 BREAK |
|              | ✓ 10:10 – 11:00 HIV in Japan: Dr. Yumi Oshita |
|              | ✓ 11:10-12pm Review of clinical care and transformation model in HIV/AIDS (Dr. Oshita’s model) |
|              | ✓ 12:00 -1:00pm – LUNCH |
|              | ✓ 1:00pm-2:00 PM: DSM V and Mental health issues with PLWA and Caregivers |
|              | ✓ 2:00pm- 2:10 PM: Break |
|              | ✓ 2:00-3:00PM: Ethically Based Clinical Decision Making |
|              | ✓ 3:00-3:10 – BREAK |
|              | ✓ 3:10-4:10: Clinical Case Presentation with Dr. Yumi Oshita |
|              | ✓ 4:30-5:00: The Future of HIV, other epidemics, human readiness... |