1. Course Description:
This course will examine practice theories and techniques for working directly with children, adolescents, and their caretakers. This course will emphasize evidence-based interventions that address diverse groups of children or adolescents within their social contexts (e.g., peer group, school, family, neighborhood). Special attention will be given to issues of diversity as it relates to building therapeutic relationships and intervening with children, adolescents and their families. The interaction between environmental risk factors, protective factors, promotive and developmental factors as they contribute to coping, resiliency, and disorder, as well as how these might vary by child or adolescent diversity factors, such as race, ethnicity, disadvantage, gender, sexual orientation, sexual identity and culture will also be covered.

2. Course Content:
This course will present prevention, treatment, and rehabilitation models appropriate to interpersonal practice with children, youth and their families in a variety of contexts. Content will focus on the early phases of intervention, including barriers to engagement that may result from client-worker differences, involuntary participation on the part of the child, youth, or family, and factors external to the client-worker relationship, such as policy or institutional decisions that may influence or shape the therapeutic relationship. Since the intervention strategies taught in this course rely significantly on the social worker as a critical component of the change process, attention will be paid to the understanding of self as an instrument in the change process. A variety of evidence-based interventions for engaging children, youth, and their families (or other caretaking adults such as foster parents) will be presented. Assessment content will emphasize client and caretaker strengths and resources as well as risks to child or youth well-being that may result from internal or external vulnerabilities caused by trauma, deprivation, discrimination, separation and loss, developmental disability, and physical and mental illness. Particular attention will be paid to cultural, social, and economic factors that
influence client functioning or the worker’s ability to accurately assess the child, youth, or family. These assessments include attention to life-threatening problems such as addictions, suicidal ideation, and interpersonal violence.

Content on intervention planning will assist students in selecting interventions which are matched with client problems across diverse populations, cultural backgrounds, socio-political contexts, and available resources. These interventions will be based on a thorough assessment, appropriate to the child’s or adolescent’s situation, and sensitive to and compatible with the child/adolescent’s and family’s expressed needs, goals, circumstances, values, and beliefs. Summary descriptions of developmental stages (i.e. infancy, toddlerhood, preschool age, school age, and adolescence) will be presented in terms of developmental characteristics and milestones, salient developmental challenges, and themes such as self-esteem and the development of peer relationships. Helping parents or other caretaking adults to understand the child’s or youth’s issues or behavior in developmental terms will also be discussed. A range of evidence-based intervention approaches will be presented such as cognitive behavioral therapy, behavioral therapy, and parent management training. Promising practices for children and adolescents across child serving settings will also be reviewed. The use of play therapy in working with young children and children who have been traumatized will be explored. Since work with children and youth almost always requires multiple intervention modalities, attention will be given to creating effective intervention plans through the integration of different modalities. Those intervention methods that have been empirically demonstrated to be effective will be given particular emphasis. Methods for monitoring and evaluating interventions will also be discussed and demonstrated in this course.

3. Course Objective:
Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:
1. Understand and address the impact of diversity (including ability, age, class, color, culture, ethnicity, family structure, gender (including gender identity and gender expression), marital status, national origin, race, religion or spirituality, sex, and sexual orientation) of children, adolescents and their families and the social worker on practice process and outcomes.
2. Describe and apply a number of assessment procedures (e.g. direct observation of or interviews with the client, parent or caretaker, and collateral contacts with teachers, caseworkers, or other professionals) that identify internal and external risk protective and promotive factors that may affect children and adolescents.
3. Describe the primary developmental tasks and characteristics of childhood and adolescence as they relate to the selection and implementation of developmentally and culturally appropriate techniques for engaging and treating children and adolescents.
4. Identify the ways in which continuity or disruption in primary care relationships may impact children, adolescents, and the therapeutic relationship.
5. Engage in an assessment process that includes gathering information on the risk, protective and promotive factors at the intrapersonal, family, peer group, school and neighborhood levels in order to formulate and understanding of the child/adolescent’s presenting problems and circumstances.
6. Implement evidence-based prevention and intervention strategies (e.g. cognitive behavioral interventions, parent management training) that are compatible with child/adolescent and family or caretaker goals, needs, circumstances, culture, and values.

7. Develop advanced intervention skills in working with children, adolescents and their families.

8. Monitor and evaluate interventions with regard to: effectiveness, sensitivity to diversity factors; impact of child/adolescent’ and families’ social identities on their experience of power and privilege; and appropriateness of the intervention to specific child/adolescent needs resulting from conditions such as maltreatment, deprivation, disability, and substance

4. Course Design:
The instructor will select required and recommended readings. Class format will include lecture, discussion, case analysis, skills development sessions and viewing of videotapes. Written assignments will integrate theory, evidence-based research, and case analysis, and when possible, the student’s practicum work.

5. Relationship of the Course to Four Curricular Themes:
   • Multiculturalism and Diversity will be addressed through discussion of child/adolescent/family-worker differences and power/privilege differentials based on ability, age, class, color, culture, ethnicity, family structure, gender (including gender identity and gender expression), marital status, national origin, race, religion or spirituality, sex, and sexual orientation. Case examples of intervention and readings will reflect this theme.

   • Social Justice and Social Change will be addressed through discussion of differences between problems responsive to interpersonal practice interventions and those which result from poverty, discrimination, and disenfranchisement, requiring systemic as well as individual interventions. Case advocacy for disadvantaged, deprived, victimized and underserved or inappropriately served children and adolescents and their families will also be emphasized.

   • Promotion, Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation will be addressed through discussion of risk, protective and promotive factors across the child/adolescent’s multiple contexts. Discussions will also emphasize intervention theories and techniques that support the child’s or adolescents’ developmental potentials.

   • Behavioral and Social Science Research will be addressed in relationship to the selection, monitoring, and evaluation of assessment and intervention methods with specific emphasis on evidence-based interventions in the areas of developmental psychopathology, attachment, risk, resiliency and coping, trauma, and maltreatment. Students will develop advanced skills necessary to implement evidence-based interventions and critically evaluate intervention theories and approaches used with child and adolescent populations.

6. Relationship of the Course to Social Work Ethics and Values:
Social work ethics and values in regard to confidentiality, self-determination, and respect for cultural and religious differences are particularly important when working with children and youth. Social workers working with children and adolescents often need to make critical intervention decisions which may have to balance risks to the child’s or adolescent’s safety or
emotional well-being with their need for ongoing connection to their families and communities. This course will cover the complexities of ethical dilemmas as they relate to work with child and adolescent populations and the ways that the professional Code of Ethics may be used to guide and resolve value and ethical issues.

7. Intensive Focus on Privilege, Oppression, Diversity and Social Justice (PODS):
This course integrates PODS content and skills with a special emphasis on the identification of theories, practice and/or policies that promote social justice, illuminate injustices and are consistent with scientific and professional knowledge. Through the use of a variety of instructional methods, this course will support students developing a vision of social justice, learn to recognize and reduce mechanisms that support oppression and injustice, work toward social justice processes, apply intersectionality and intercultural frameworks and strengthen critical consciousness, self-knowledge and self-awareness to facilitate PODS learning. (Course Statement Approved By Governing Faculty 11/8/06).

ASSIGNMENTS

Clinical Case Presentation and Summary:
This assignment is an in-class clinical case presentation and written case summary reflection. Case presentation will begin the last week in January. Each week 2 or 3 clinical case presentations will be given by selected students as assigned. Each student will be assigned one in-class clinical case presentation during the semester. Presentations will be approximately 5 minutes long with clinical case discussion to follow each case for approximately another 5-10 minutes. The purpose of the clinical case presentation is to address any area where you would like feedback from the class in order to gain a greater understanding or new perspective on a case situation. Often times the case presentations will be addressing areas where you as a worker have felt stuck or need additional feedback on a particular process or issue. The clinical case presentation should follow this format:

• Share with the class your clinical question or learning outcome you would like to address in this case presentation. Be specific as this is not a general case consultation.
• Provide a brief case review: a description of the client(s), presenting problem/concern, any critical issues, and relevant histories including psychosocial, genetic, familial, social systems. Please remember to protect confidentiality of any case material and alter case information to ensure that clients are not able to be identified. The purpose of this background information is to help us to engage in the clinical formulation and intervention planning. Keep this case description information to a minimum.
• Summarize your clinical formulation or impressions. Include your assessment and clinical hypothesis and the rationale for their development. Also discuss any worker/client system diversity factors that may have impacted on your clinical impressions and engagement process.
• Summarize the interventions you have utilized and their efficacy along with the treatment plan.

The week after your presentation, turn in a case summary reflection: This 2 page case summary reflection should integrate what you learned about your clinical question or learning outcomes based on the feedback that you received from the class discussion. It should include:
• A brief overview of the clinical question or learning outcome
• What issues did this clinical question or learning outcome evoke in you? (Reflect on your emotional/cognitive response to what you are finding challenging with this situation.)
• What skills did you identify as critical to resolving this clinical question or meeting the learning outcome?
• What clinical resources did you identify as helpful to you to better understand the clinical question or learning outcome?
• What did you learn about your development as a reflective practitioner from this presentation and review?

This assignment is worth 15% of your grade and dates for presentations will be selected during the first two classes.

**TF-CBT Assignment:**
Complete the internet course on the use of Trauma-Focused Cognitive Behavioral Therapy, by Cohen, Mannarina and Debringer, and turn in your certificate of completion with a short 1-2 page reflection paper. The course takes about 10 hours and will be completed at your own pace outside of class. You will earn 10 continuing education credits for taking this course and a certificate of completion that can be reflected in your resume.

In your reflection paper describe the overall process of TF-CBT. What specific interventions are you most attracted to and why? If you have had the opportunity to use any of them, reflect on this. What personal reactions have you noticed as you work through the certification program? What counter-transferences to the material do you notice? How might these come up in your work with clients? How will you prevent vicarious stress in working with clients with this model?

This on-line course is sponsored by the National Child Traumatic Stress Network. The website for this curriculum is [www.musc.edu/tfcbt](http://www.musc.edu/tfcbt). It takes some time, so get started as soon as you can. Attach a copy of the certificate to the reflection paper.

The completion of this certificate is worth 15% of your grade

**Two Papers:**

The aim of the papers is to give you a chance to reflect on your clinical work or casework in a concentrated and organized manner. Grading will be based on clarity of expression, following the terms of the assignment; quality of understanding of clinical issues a clear grasp and
integration of the course content. Please see the section on writing and grading before you write your papers.

All students will do Assignment # 1. Assignment # 2 offers a choice, depending on your experience. Students beginning field placements this term will probably want to do Assignment #2A, which focuses on evaluation and treatment planning. Students who have been in placement longer may prefer to write Assignment #2B which deals with on-going treatment.

Although the assignments are quite detailed in their expectations, I recognize that not all cases will "fit" the assignment. I am willing to modify the assignments to match the realities of your practice. If you need to alter or reformulate the assignments to reflect the particular work you are doing, please discuss with me before writing the papers.

To preserve client confidentiality, please disguise your case material, by using pseudonyms for all family members, omitting or changing specific geographical information and avoiding mention of details that identify clients.

**Paper # 1: Assessment and Treatment Planning:** The subject of the first paper will be the use of observation and information gathering in the development of clinical hypotheses and treatment planning in intervention with children and adolescents and their parents or caregivers. (For students who do not have child or adolescent clients but who are working with adults, see note below*). In the assessment and treatment process, "critical incidents" occur which crystallize the practitioner's understanding of a case. A critical incident may take various forms. Examples: a repeated play sequence, the reporting of an important memory, fantasy or dream, an observed interaction between child and parent(s), impressions of the worker-client relationship such as a particular transference (or counter- transference) response, a style of resistance, information about traumatic or stressful events in the client's or family's history, classroom observations, or results of psychological/educational testing in a client’s school file. What makes such an incident "critical" is that it enables the social worker to reach a clearer understanding of the client's experience, circumstances and internal psychological processes. From this understanding, hypotheses can be generated and interventions can be planned.

For this paper, write up an evaluation of a child or adolescent according to the following outline:
1) Give a brief background statement which includes the age and demographic information of the child and family, presenting problem, family circumstances, psychosocial history and relevant developmental information.
2) Describe a few critical incidents which enabled you to come to a clearer understanding of the case. Be concrete, specific and detailed in your presentation of the clinical material. (Selecting material from process recordings of interviews and therapeutic sessions is a very appropriate way to present critical incidents.)
3) Discuss the hypothesis(es) or formulation derived from thinking about this material. The clinical hypothesis should make an explicit connection between current symptoms and contextual factors, including family situation, psychosocial history, developmental factors, and other significant factors which help explain the development of the client’s symptoms or difficulties. The hypothesis should be stated briefly, concisely and thoroughly.
4) Discuss the intervention plan that emerged from this process, including specific goals for both the child or adolescent and the parent or other caregiver. State goals in “______ will. . . .” language. For example, “Sally will report a reduction in intrusive thoughts of trauma in the form of nightmares.” Goals should be concrete and measurable. In addition to treatment goals or objectives, be sure to indicate what treatment methods you will use to achieve your objectives.

5) Cite at least four references from the course readings to back-up your assessment, hypothesis and choice of treatment methods for the case and a list of your resources.

Length: 8-10 pages. Counts 30% of course grade

*Students working with adults can follow the terms of the assignments while writing about their adult clients. I would like you to include one additional element: discuss how the adult’s childhood/adolescent history (to the extent you know it) influences the adult’s current functioning, presenting issues, and ways of relating. However, I want the papers to reflect the work you’re actually doing, and do not want you to change your evaluation/treatment approach to fit the assignment (i.e., taking an extensive history of the client’s childhood experience when you would not otherwise do that).

**Paper #2: Do A or B.**

**Paper Alternative A: Treatment Implementation and Process:**
Choose a child or adolescent (and parents) with whom you have begun to work. I would prefer you write about a different client from the first paper. If you need to write about the same client, please discuss with me. Write a detailed summary of an assessment (and, if relevant, the early treatment work) that includes:
1) Precipitant for referral, brief description of the client, presenting problem and psychosocial/family history. Include also a discussion of protective factors, risk factors and environmental issues. Describe any critical incidents that come up during the evaluation process.
2) Observations of child and child-parent interactions
3) Formulation of a clinical hypothesis (or hypotheses) which takes into account developmental, psychodynamic and family/interactional issues.
4) Treatment plan, in terms of treatment format and specific goals of treatment stated in, “______ will. . . .”, language. Describe the approach(es) you are using in therapy and cite evidence for the approach(es). Indicate your rationale for choosing this approach or integrating approaches. The relationship between the clinical hypotheses and treatment plan should be clearly stated. If relevant, describe components of the treatment plan which involve case management, as an adjunct or alternative to clinical work, such as referral for other services, coordination with other professionals, etc. If multiple systems (such as foster care, juvenile court, medical personnel, school personnel, day care, etc.) are involved with the client, discuss your plans for interacting with these other parties and indicate any need you see to advocate on behalf of your client with these systems and individuals.
5) Description of your beginning relationship with the clients--both child or adolescent and parents. Describe some critical incidents that illustrate the initial relationship, and discuss any transference and countertransference issues that appear to be emerging. Describe any racial/ethnic/class/religious/gender/sexual orientation/age/ability or other cultural issues that may influence the relationship. Assess the family's motivation for treatment by discussing strengths
and weaknesses in the clients and their circumstances that may promote or impede successful intervention.
6) Describe your feelings regarding the prognosis for successful intervention and analyze the reasons for your point of view. How will you evaluate change?
7) Cite at least four readings from the course and/or other sources to back-up your assessment, hypothesis and choice of treatment methods for the case and a list of your resources.

Paper Alternative B: On-going Implementation of Treatment:
Choose a child or adolescent (and parents) with whom you have worked during this year. I would prefer you write about a different client from the first paper. If you need to write about the same client, please discuss with me. Write a case review that includes:
1) Description of the client, precipitant for referral, presenting problem and brief psychosocial/family history. Include also a brief discussion of risk factors and environmental issues.
2) Formulation of a clinical hypothesis (or hypotheses) which takes into account developmental, psychodynamic and family/interactional issues.
3) Treatment plan. State your specific treatment goals in “__________ will. . .”, language. Describe your intervention method(s). Indicate your rationale for choosing the approach you did.
4) Describe the treatment relationship in terms of attachment and transference issues. Note counter-transference and ethnic/cultural issues.
5) Descriptive account of the treatment process, including critical incidents in treatment, and an assessment of the client's progress in terms of the objectives of the treatment plan. Though the focus of this part should be on the treatment process with the child or adolescent, also include an account of work with parent(s). This section should be the bulk of the paper.
6) Brief account of case management issues (if relevant) and contacts with others involved with the child/adolescent, e.g. school personnel, foster care worker, day care provider, probation officer, etc.
7) Plans for continuing treatment, termination or transfer. If ongoing treatment is needed, note future treatment goals.
8) Conclude with a brief personal statement of why this case has been a valuable learning experience.
9) Cite at least four references from the course and/or other readings to back-up your assessment, hypothesis and choice of treatment methods for the case and a list of your resources.

Length: 8-10 pages. Counts 30% of course grade.

Alternative Paper Topics: Students who do not have child or adolescent clients can discuss alternative topics with me. This option is open only to those students not doing direct work with children, adolescents and/or their parents. Possible topics include doing an observation of a child and/or interview with a parent (examples of this assignment are the Observation Exercises at the ends of the practice chapters in Child Development: A Practitioner’s Guide, see pp. 183-184, 249-250, 326, and 414), or a research paper on intervention approaches to a particular problem of childhood or adolescence.

If you intend to write a research paper, please provide a less than one page proposal for your research project at least one week in advance of the due date. The paper should include a
description of the method you are choosing to explore, your rationale for choosing it, the population it targets, the theory and existing evidence for the method, specific examples of how the this approach is actually applied in work with clients including case examples from the literature or your experience, and at least five relevant sources including at least two professional journal articles focused on the method. You are also encouraged to integrate readings from the course. Please include a discussion of its cultural relevance to clients or adaptations needed in regard to diversity factors regarding race/ethnicity, gender and gender identity, SES, disability, sexual orientation, religion, etc. How is progress evaluated using this method? Also end your paper with a brief reflection on what you have learned and how this is relevant to your future practice as a social worker. This paper should be 8-10 pages.

WRITING AND GRADING:
All written assignments are expected to be typed, double-spaced, using 12-point font, with 1” margins on each side, using APA style. It is your responsibility to avoid plagiarism, which can result in severe penalties according to the School of Social Work policies. If writing or editing is difficult for you, please seek help at the Gayle Morris Sweetland Writing Center (764-0429).

The grading scale is:

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<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
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<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>100% - 95%</td>
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<tr>
<td>A-</td>
<td>94% - 90%</td>
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<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>89% - 86%</td>
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<td>B</td>
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<td>B-</td>
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<td>C+</td>
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<td>C</td>
<td>75% - 73%</td>
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I reserve the option to give an A+ for students who meet a 100%, have excellent attendance and participate in class.

ATTENDANCE, PARTICIPATION AND READING
All these are expected. Class attendance and participation is 10% of your grade and is important because lectures and discussion will focus on the details of how to practice. You are allowed one excused absence. More than one absence will likely result in a reduction of points and could lower your final grade for the course. If you are unable to attend class, please call or e-mail me in advance.

In the era of iPhones, iPads, laptops and wireless networks, some students may wish to spend class time reading email, texting, surfing the web, or doing work for other classes. Please don’t do this. Computers are only allowed for note-taking if you need that resource, but I would prefer that they not be open at all. I find that they interfere with discussion and active listening to me and other students. Thanks.

ACCOMMODATIONS:
If you need or desire an accommodation for a disability, please let me know soon. The earlier that you make me aware of your needs the more effectively we will be able to use the resources available to us, such as the services for Students with Disabilities, the Adaptive Technology Computing Site and the like. If you do decide to disclose your disability, I will treat that information as private and confidential. Also, please notify me if religious observances conflict with class attendance or due dates for assignments so we can make appropriate arrangements.
TEXTS and HANDOUTS

Text Books that are required and can be accessed at Ulrich’s:


I will be passing out and/or posting on c-tools a number of articles and handouts on developmental and clinical topics.

Recommended Optional Books:


Herman, Judith, Trauma and Recovery (1992), Basic Books, NY.


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**COURSE OUTLINE AND READINGS**

**Class 1: May 13**  
**Introduction to the course and each other**  
Framed of Reference for Work with Children and Adolescents: Developmental, Attachment, Interactional, and Psychodynamic Theories; The Child-friendly Therapy Room.  
Required Readings:  
- Get started on reading for week 2

**Class 2: May 20**  
Evaluation Process; Assessment of Risk and Protective Factors; Cultural factors: Assessment Techniques with Parents and Children; Multidisciplinary Assessment; Treatment Planning.  
Assessing the case of John- class exercise  
Student Case Presentations  
**Required Readings:**  
-Davies: Preface, pp.ix-xi; Introduction (Part 1); Chapters 1, 2, 3 and (Part II) Chapter, 4

**Monday, May 27 – Memorial Day Break!**

**Class 3: June 3**  
Understanding Attachment; Attachment Theory; Modeling secure Attachment in the Therapeutic relationship  
Treatment through the Lens of Attachment; Working with Parents and Types of Parent Work; Attachment-Oriented and Relational Therapies (Hughes-PLACE, Theraplay, Post)  
Student Case Presentations:  
**Required Readings:**  
-Davies, Part II, Introduction, Chapters 5 and 6  
-Gil: Chapters 1 and 2
-Hughes, Daniel, Dyadic Developmental Psychotherapy, dhuges1060@adelphia.net
-McGee: Attachment Self – Assessment for Parents, Teachers and Other Helping Professionals

Optional Reading:
John McGee: A Gentle Teaching Primer

Class 4: June 10
Severe Developmental Disorders, Disabilities and Chronic Illness; Cultural Issues in Work with Children and Families; Issues in Assessment and Treatment; Work with Parents of Seriously Impaired and Ill Children; Treatment of ADHD
John McGee – A Gentle Teaching – severely impaired adolescents and young adults
Student Case Presentations

Required Reading:
-Gil, Chapters 3 and 4

Class 5, June 17 Paper #1 is due
Trauma: The Conditions that Create Trauma; The Neurobiology of Trauma, PTSD; Modeling Mutuality and Equality in the Therapeutic Relationship, Traumatic Play in Children; Phase-Oriented Trauma Treatment; Sensorimotor Concepts
Student Case Presentations

Required Readings:
-Davies: Chapter 7 and 8
-Gil, Chapters 5, 6, and 7

Class 6, June 24
Trauma Treatment with Young Children – Toddlers and Preschoolers: Normal Development; Common Clinical Issues; Memory in Young Children; The Use of Representational Play, Focused Play in Work With Young Children; Rescripting with Very Young Children
Case Presentation: Ginny (involving parents in play therapy), Little Tess (Rescripting)
Student Case Presentations

Required Readings:
-Davies: Chapters 9 and 10.
Gil, Chapters 10 and 11
Class 7, July 1 *Trauma-Focused CBT Certification is due*
Trauma Treatment in Middle Childhood: Normal Child Development, Ages 6-12; Clinical Issues in Work with School Age Children; Treating Trauma and Grief: Encouraging Disclosure through Integrating Art, Expressive Approaches, Focused Play and Cognitive-Behavioral Methods with School-age Children
Student Case Presentations: Jimmy, Katie
Two Student Case Presentations

**Required Readings:**
- Davies: Chapters 11 & 12.
- Gil, Chapters 8 and 9

Class 8, July 8
Trauma Treatment with Adolescents: Normal Adolescent Development; Disclosure with Adolescents; Creating Narrative, Trauma Resolution; Use of Art, Symbol and Ritual
The cases of Joni and Miss Prissy
Student Case Presentations

**Required Readings:**
- Handouts on Adolescent Development
- Davies: Chapter 13
- Gil, Eliana (1996), A Structured Processing of Trauma, from *Treating Abused Adolescents*, Guilford Press, NY

Class 9, July 15 *Paper #2 is due*
Working with Parents and Families; Intervening on Lying and Stealing
Intervening on Explosive Behavior and Aggression;
Using Integrated Methods (Relational, CBT and Greene) and Multi-systemic Therapy
Student Case Presentations

**Required Readings:**

Class 10, July 22
Work with LGBTQ Youth; Advocacy and Empowerment Methods
Student Case Presentations

**Required Readings:**

Student Case Presentations

Class 11, July 29
Group Work with Adolescents; Integrative Creative Interventions; The Use of Myth, Story and Ritual
Case Presentations: The Psyche and Cupid Myth with Adolescent Girls,
Adventure and Ritual with Male Adolescent Sex Offenders
Student Case Presentations

Required Readings: